1	Notes:
2	• This version includes review comments from City Attorney's Office, Sustainability, Transportation, Public
3	<u>Utilities, Engineering, City Surveyor, Salt Lake County.</u>
4	Title 20 Subdivisions
5	Title, Authority, Purpose, and Applicability 20.02
6	Decision Making Bodies 20.04
7	Application Requirements 20.10
8	Public Improvement Requirements and Agreements 20.12
9	Public Hearing and Notice Requirements 20.14
10	Preliminary and Final Plats 20.16
11	Lot and Parcel Line Adjustments 20.18
12	Lot and Parcel Consolidations 20.20
13	Street Dedication Plats 20.22
14	Subdivision Standards 20.26
15	Appeals 20.30
16	Enforcement 20.40
17	Definitions 20.50
18	Chandan 20.02 TITLE DUDDOCE AUTHODITY AND ADDITION ITY
19	Chapter 20.02 TITLE, PURPOSE, AUTHORITY, AND APPLICABILITY
20	20.02.010: TITLE:
21	20.02.010. 111LE.
22	This title shall be known and cited as TITLE 20, SUBDIVISIONS ORDINANCE OF SALT LAKE CITY
23	<u>UTAH.</u>
24	20.02.020: AUTHORITY:
<del>- 4</del> 25	This title is enacted pursuant to Chapter 10-9a and Title 57 of the Utah Code, or successor. This title is
26	further enacted as an implementation element of the adopted Salt Lake City general plan and the
27	components of the adopted general plan for Salt Lake City.
28	
29	20.02.030: PURPOSE: <sup>1</sup>
30	The purpose of this title, and any rules, regulations and specifications hereafter adopted, is to regulate the
31	subdivision of land, condominiums, and adjustments to and consolidations of lots and parcels, within Salt
32	Lake City to:
33	A. Acknowledge property ownership rights.
34	
35	B. preserve and enhance the health, safety, welfare, and amenities of the community.
36	
37	C. Implement the adopted general plan.
38	20.02.040. 4 DDI 1/C ( DI 1/T) / 2
39	20.02.040: APPLICABILITY: <sup>2</sup>
40	This title shall apply to all properties in the city where the owner of the property or authorized agent of
41	the property intends to:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Expanded from existing 20.04.030 <sup>2</sup> Combination of 20.16.050, 20.24.020, 20.28.010, 20.32.020, and 20.56.030

2  3	A. Divide land within the city.
4	<del></del>
5  6	B. Amend or modify any existing subdivision within the city.
17 18	C. Create, modify, or dissolve any condominium within the city.
19 30	D. Modify any property line between adjacent properties.
51 52	E. Consolidate any number of existing lots or parcels with other lots or parcels.
,– 53	F. Exceptions: this title is not applicable to properties owned by the federal government or state of Utah
54	or other entity that is exempt from local land use regulations applicable to subdividing, amending,
55 56	modifying, or consolidating land.
57	20.02.040: INTERPRETATION: <sup>3</sup>
8	The regulations contained in this title shall be interpreted and applied in accordance with the following
9	rules:
0	
1	A. Minimum Requirements: All regulations shall be construed as the minimum requirements necessary
2	to promote the public health, safety, morals, convenience, order, prosperity, and welfare of the present and
}  -	future inhabitants of the city.
5	B. Relationship to Easements, Covenants and Other Agreements: The provisions of this title are not
)	intended to interfere with, abrogate or require enforcement by the city of any legally enforceable
	easements, covenants, or other agreements between private parties that may restrict the use of land or
	dimensions of structures more than the provisions of this title. When the regulations of this title impose greater restrictions than are imposed by such easements, covenants, or other agreements between parties,
) 1	or than are required by laws or other applicable ordinances, the provisions of this title shall control.
2	C. Number: A word importing the singular number may be applied to plural persons and things. The use
3 1	of the plural number shall include any single person or thing.
5	D. Tense: The present tense of a word includes the future tense as well.
7	E. Shall, May: The word "shall" is mandatory; the word "may" is permissive.
)	F. Computation of Time: The time within which an act is to be done shall be computed by excluding the
)	first and including the last day. If the last day is a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday recognized by the
	City, that day shall be excluded. Deadlines shall be interpreted to be 11:59 p.m. on the date listed.
	G. Year: The word "year" shall mean any consecutive twelve (12) month period unless otherwise
<b>}</b>	indicated.
5 5	H. The numbered sections of this title shall be referred to as follows:
	<sup>3</sup> New section

87	
88	1. Title shall be the first two numbers followed by a decimal point.
89	
90	2. Chapter refers to the two numbers that follow the first decimal point.
91 92	3. Section refers to the three numbers that follow the chapter numbers and separated from the chapter
92	with a decimal point.
93 94	with a decimal point.
95	I. Conflicts with State or Federal Code. Whenever this code conflicts with a state or federal requirement,
96	the state or federal requirement shall take precedence. <sup>4</sup>
97	
98	20.02.050 AMENDMENTS TO TITLE <sup>5</sup> :
99	Any amendment to this title shall follow the requirements of Utah Code Section 10-9a Part 6, the
100	requirements of 2.60 and the noticing requirements in this title for public hearings.
101	
102	CHAPTER 20.04 DECISION MAKING BODIES <sup>6</sup>
103	SECTION:
104	20.04.010: Summary of Authority
105	20.04.020: City Council
106	20.04.030: Mayor 20.04.040: Planning Commission
107 108	20.04.050: Other City Officials
100	
109	20.04.010: SUMMARY OF AUTHORITY
110	The entities described in this chapter, without limitation upon such authority as each may possess by law,
111	have responsibility for implementing and administering this title in the manner described hereto.
112	
113	20.04.020: CITY COUNCIL:
113	
114	The city council shall have the authority for the following actions described in this title, subject to the
115	processes, standards, and factors identified hereto:
116	A. Initiating amendments to the text of this title.
117 118	A. Initiating amendments to the text of this title.
119	B. Final approval of amendments to the text of this title.
120	
121	C. Final decision authority for subdivision amendments involving closure, vacation (in whole or in part),
122	alteration, amendment, or dedication of public right of way or public easements.
123	
124	20.04.030: MAYOR:
105	The mayor or the mayor's decigned shall have the outbority for the following action described in this
125 126	The mayor, or the mayor's designee, shall have the authority for the following action described in this title, subject to the processes, standards, and factors identified hereto:
120	nne, subject to the processes, standards, and factors identified hereto.
	4 Added at request of public utilities.
	5 This is a new section addressing process for future changes to the title.
	6 Combined sections from 20.04.050 through 20.04.110

127	A. Initiating amendments to the text of this title.
128	
129	B. Final approval of final subdivision plats or other recordable instruments evidencing any action under
130	this title.
131 132 133	C. Acceptance of lands and public improvements that may be proposed for dedication.
134	20.04.040: PLANNING COMMISSION:
135 136	The planning commission, or designee, shall have the authority for the following action described in this title, subject to the processes, standards, and factors identified hereto:
137 138	A. Initiate amendments to the text of this title.
139 140 141	B. Recommend amendments to the text of this title to the city council.
142 143	C. Provide a recommendation to the city council on subdivision amendments where the city council has final authority to decide on a proposed amendment.
144 145	
146 147 148	D. Final approval authority on applications required by this title that specify the planning commission is the approval authority, when the planning director defers final authority to the planning commission, or when associated with a planned development as defined in Title 21A.
149	
150	20.04.050: OTHER CITY OFFICIALS:
151 152 153 154	This title shall be administered by city staff as indicated in this section. The specific position listed may designate another employee to fulfill the roles and authority granted within this chapter. Each city position, when specifically authorized by this title, shall have the authority to administer and interpret this title as indicated in the various chapters found within this title and as listed in this section.
155 156 157 158 159	A. City Attorney: The city attorney shall be responsible for reporting to the mayor as to the form of the final plat or other recordable instruments evidencing any action under this title. The city attorney shall certify that any lands dedicated to the public are dedicated in fee simple and that the person or persons subdividing and dedicating the land are the owners of record.
160 161 162 163 164	B. City Engineer: The city engineer shall coordinate final approval authority over all subdivision improvement plans with other city departments, inspect all public improvements in coordination with the director of public utilities, administer any assurance devices related to the installation of public infrastructure, and enforce the provisions of this title as the subdivision is developed.
165 166 167 168 169 170	C. Director of Public Utilities: The public utility director shall have final approval authority over all subdivision improvement plans involving utility infrastructure administered by the department, inspect all public utility installations in coordination with the city engineer, administer any agreements between a subdivider and the city related to the department, and enforce the provisions of this title related to public utilities e as needed.
171 172 173 174	C. Planning Director: The planning director has the responsibility to process and decide any application required by this title. The planning director shall also interpret this title as it is administered.

175 176	D. Building Official: the building official has the authority to review applications related to condominiums as provided in this title.
177 178	E. Transportation Director: the transportation director has the authority as indicated in this title.
179 180 181	F. Any of the above city officials may seek advice, input, and recommendations from other city personnel not listed in this section at their discretion to ensure compliance with this title.
182 183 184	70.40.400000000000000000000000000000000
185	20.10 APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS <sup>7</sup>
186 187	20.10.010 Application Required 20.10.020 Fees
188	20.10.030 Complete Application
189	20.10.040 Submittal Requirements for Preliminary Subdivision Applications
190	20.10.050 Submittal Requirements for Final Plats and Other Recordable Instruments
191	20.10.060 Submittal Requirements for Lot and Parcel Line Adjustments
192	20.10.070 Submittal Requirements for Lot and Parcel Consolidations
193	20.10.080 Submittal Requirements for Street Dedication Plats
194	20 10 010. ADDI ICATION DECLUDED.
195 196	<u>20.10.010: APPLICATION REQUIRED:</u> Any proposal that is authorized by this title is required to submit an application, provided by the zoning
190	administrator, to the city. The application shall include all information required by this title.
198	
199	20.10.020: FEES:
200	The application shall be accompanied by the applicable fees shown on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee
200 201	schedule. The subdivider shall also be responsible for payment of all fees established for providing the
202	public notice required by this title, in accordance with the consolidated fee schedule, including costs of
203	mailing, preparation of mailing labels and all other costs relating to notification. Plan review fees required
204	for public utility requirements and any public improvements shall be required to pay a separate fee when
205	the fee is listed on the Salt Lake City consolidated fee schedule. <sup>8</sup>
206	20.10.030: COMPLETE APPLICATION9:
207	An application required under this title will be considered complete when a completed application form is
208	submitted, all submittal requirements have been provided, and all required fees paid. An application will
209	not be processed until it is complete as required in this section. A substantive review of a complete
210	application will start after the application is considered complete. The substantive review may identify
211	missing or incorrect information necessary to verify compliance with the requirements of this Title. The
212	applicant shall be responsible for responding to requests for missing and to correct information as
213	necessary for the city to verify compliance with the requirements of this Title. $\frac{10}{2}$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Combined section 20.16.010-080; 20.20.020-030; 20.24.030-040; 20.28.010-040; 20.32.030; 20.44.010; and 20.56.040

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Added at request of public utilities. PU will begin charging for plan review views. Need to discuss how to collect the fee with this process or another process.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> This is a new section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Added by Planning.

- A. Subdivisions that include single family, two family, and single family attached uses: A subdivision
- that includes single family, two family, or single family attached uses shall be reviewed for completeness
- as specific in Utah Code 10-9a-604.2 or its successor.
- B. All other subdivisions: All other subdivisions shall be reviewed for completeness within 30 days of the
- subdivider submitting the application and paying the required fees.
- 219 C. Incomplete Applications: It shall be the responsibility of the subdivider to ensure that all applications
- are completed in full, include all submittal requirements required by this section, and pay all required
- applications fees. A subdivider who fails to provide all the required information that is necessary to start
- a comprehensive, substantive review of the application will be provided with one written notice of
- 223 missing submittal requirements. The notice shall itemize each item that is missing, including the citation
- from this code and provide a deadline of 30 days to provide the missing information. 11 A subdivider that
- 225 fails to submit the information or that fails to negotiate a different deadline to submit the information,
- may be considered withdrawn and closed.

## 20.10.040: SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PRELIMINARY SUBDIVISIONS:

- An application for a preliminary subdivision shall include all information listed in this section. The
- 230 preliminary subdivision application is required for all new subdivisions, subdivision amendments, and
- 231 condominiums, including new condominiums, conversions of existing buildings to condominiums, and
- 232 <u>modifications to an existing condominium.</u>
- 233 A. Required forms as provided by the planning director;
- B. All applicable fees;
- 235 C. The name and address of the subdivider, if different than the recorded owner, there shall be a statement
- from the recorded owner authorizing the subdivider to act on the owner's behalf;
- D. The name, address, phone number, email, of the person and organization preparing the subdivision
- 238 documents;
- E. A preliminary plat map that includes:
- 1. A name that is not a duplicate of any other subdivision in the city or county. Plat maps that are
- 241 amending an existing subdivision shall include in the name of the original subdivision with the term
- 242 "amendment" and a number indicating the next number of amendment that is proposed. Example:
- 243 "Subdivision X, Amendment 1" or "Subdivision X, Amending Lot Y"; 12
- 2. The names and addresses of the record of owner or owners. Each name shall match with the names
- 245 that appear on the title report for the property;
- 246 3. The date the preliminary plat map was prepared;
- 4. A written and graphic scale that is adequate to be able to determine compliance with all applicable
- 248 <u>subdivision and zoning standards;</u>
- 5. A description that defines the location and boundaries of the proposed subdivision;
- 250 6. The location, names, and existing widths and grades of adjacent streets;

.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Public Utilities: need to identify an internal process to coordinate these reviews. It would be easy to set up a review process in Project Dox.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Suggested change from Engineering to give other options for naming subdivisions.

251 252 253 254 255	7. The location, name, widths, and grades 13 of all proposed streets. All street names must be approved by Salt Lake County prior to preliminary plat application being submitted. If a street is a numbered road, such as 100 South Street, it must be approved by the City Engineer. To receive a name, a private street must be labeled as such on the plat. A street name will not be provided for cross access easements;
256 257	8. The names of adjacent subdivisions and the names of owners of adjacent land that is not within a recorded subdivision;
258 259 260 261 262	9. Elevation contours at one-foot intervals, for predominant ground slopes within the subdivision between level and 5%-, and five-foot contours for predominant ground slopes within the subdivisions over 5%. Such contours shall be based on the Salt Lake City datum. The elevation shall reference an existing benchmark or street monument set by the surveyor provided the elevation is provided and it is consistent with the vertical datum designation shown; 14
263	10. A statement about the present zoning and proposed use of the property;
264	11. Any proposed public areas;
265 266 267 268	12. Any proposed lands to be retained in private ownership for common use by the owners of property within the subdivision. When a subdivision contains such lands, the subdivider shall submit, with the preliminary plat, the name, and articles of incorporation of the owner or organization empowered to own, maintain, and pay taxes on such lands;
269	13. The approximate radius of each curve;
270	14. The approximate layout and dimensions of each lot;
271	15. The area of each lot in square feet;
272	16. A statement of the water source;
273	17. A statement of provisions for sewerage and sewage disposal;
274 275	18. All required or needed major storm drain facilities. This may be provided in public improvement plans submitted with a final plat;
276	19. Any existing or proposed dedications, easements, and deed restrictions;
277 278	20. If the development contains lots that are units, the boundaries of such units shall be shown on the preliminary plat;
279 280 281	21. A slope classification map that indicates slopes more than 30% (three feet of rise for every ten horizontal feet) demarcated with a cross hatch and labeled as undevelopable when located in a foothill zoning district;
282 283	22. Any required setback or no build area from any water body when required by the adopted general plan or Title 21A Zoning;
284	23. The area of all blocks within the subdivision;

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Engineering suggests clarifying or defining street grade.
 <sup>14</sup> City Surveyor suggested changing benchmark language to match current practice.

285 286 287	24. Demonstrate that the subdivision complies with all applicable subdivision design standards found in Chapter 20.26 Subdivision Standards and any requests for a modification to a subdivision design standard; and
288 289	25. Identification of any adjacent parcels or lots that abut the subdivision, including providing parcel or lot boundaries, tax identification numbers, and addresses.
290 291	26. Special Flood Hazard Areas subject to inundation by the 1% annual chance (100 Year) flood based on the most recent FEMA FIRM panel. 16
292	
293	F. Supplementary documents that include:
294 295	1. A grading plan, showing by appropriate graphic means the proposed grading of the subdivision including existing and proposed contours and finished floor elevations of all buildings <sup>17</sup> ;
296 297	2. The approximate location of all isolated trees with a trunk diameter of four inches or greater, within the boundaries of the subdivision, and the outlines of wooded areas;
298 299 300	3. The approximate boundaries of areas subject to inundation or stormwater overflow, and the location, width, and direction of flow of all watercourses. This may be provided in public improvement plans submitted with a final plat;
301 302	4. The approximate widths, locations, and uses of all existing or proposed easements for drainage, sewerage, and public utilities;
303 304	5. The existing use or uses of the property, and the outline of any existing buildings and their locations in relation to existing or proposed street and lot lines, drawn to scale;
305 306 307 308	6. The locations, names, widths, approximate grades and a typical cross section of curbs, gutters, sidewalks and other improvements of the proposed street and access easements, including proposed locations of all underground utilities. This may be provided in public improvement plans submitted with a final plat;
309 310 311	7. The location of any of the foregoing improvements which may require to be constructed beyond the boundaries of the subdivision shall be shown on the subdivision plat or on the vicinity map as appropriate. This may be provided in public improvement plans submitted with a final plat;
312 313 314 315	8. A phase one environmental site assessment report 18 to identify the presence of any harmful, dangerous, or hazardous material or pollutant that may be present on any land within a subdivision that is intended to be dedicated to the public. This is not required if there is no land dedication within the boundaries of the subdivision; and
316 317	9. If the subdivision includes slopes over 30% or is in a fault rupture zone <sup>19</sup> , a preliminary geotechnical report prepared by a civil engineer specializing in soil mechanics and registered by the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Reference to 20.26 added.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Public Utilities added this requirement.
<sup>17</sup> Require this as part of preliminary review. Finished floor elevation may not be known until construction, so may need to reword this "Shall include a note that no finished floor may be below the flood level elevation of the property.

18 Updated term to match definition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Added fault rupture to this requirement.

318	state of Utah, based upon adequate test borings or excavations shall be submitted. If the preliminary
319	soil report indicates the presence of critically expansive soils, or other soil problems which, if not
320	corrected, would lead to structural defects, a soil investigation of each lot in the subdivision may be
321	required. The soil investigation shall recommend corrective action intended to prevent structural
322	damage. This may be required to be submitted after the application is considered complete as part of
323	the substantive review of the application or as a condition of preliminary approval.
324	G. If the preliminary plat map is for a condominium, the following information must be provided:
325	1. A condominium declaration and plat that complies with applicable Utah Code Chapter 57-8
326	Condominium Ownership Act or its successor. The declaration shall also include:
007	a. A statement that the homeoveners' association may regulate limit or prohibit rentals of
327	a. A statement that the homeowners' association may regulate, limit, or prohibit rentals of
328	condominium units;
329	b. A statement that the homeowners' association may require the rental of condominium units to
330	be conducted through the homeowners' association or a designated management company, and
331	may require that all lease agreements be reviewed and approved by the homeowners' association
332	or the management company, that any tenants be screened and approved by the homeowners'
333	association or the management company prior to renting the condominium, and that the approval
334	of the homeowners' association or the management company shall not be unreasonably withheld;
JJT	
335	c. A statement that prior to renting any condominium unit, the condominium owner and the tenant
336	shall execute a written lease agreement which shall include the following provisions:
337	(1) The tenant shall agree to comply with all the terms and conditions of the condominium
338	declaration and bylaws:
339	(2) The tenant shall agree not to allow or commit any nuisance, waste, unlawful or illegal act
340	upon the premises; and
341	(3) The owner and the tenant shall acknowledge that the homeowners' association is an
	intended third-party beneficiary of the lease agreement, that the homeowners' association
342	shall have the right to enforce compliance with the condominium declaration and bylaws and
343	
344	to abate any nuisance, waste, unlawful or illegal activity upon the premises; and that the
345	homeowners' association shall be entitled to exercise all the owner's rights and remedies
346	under the lease agreement to do so;
347	d. A statement requiring that prior to a tenant's occupancy of a condominium unit, the
348	condominium owner must provide to the homeowners' association the name, address and
349	telephone number of the tenant and a copy of the written lease agreement; and
350	e. A statement that the homeowners' association shall have the right and the obligation to enforce
351	compliance with the condominium declaration and bylaws against any owner and/or occupant of
	any condominium unit and shall have all rights and remedies available under state or local law, in
352	addition to its rights and remedies as a third-party beneficiary under any lease agreement, to
353	
354	enforce such compliance.
355	f. A statement that the maintenance of the shared utilities and other shared infrastructure is the
356	responsibility of the homeowner's association. <sup>20</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Added at request of public utilities.

357	g. Each condominium unit must be identified by a number in numerical order. <sup>21</sup>
358	3. If the proposed condominium is converting an existing building, the following additional info is
359	required:
360	a. A property report must be prepared consistent with the requirements of Section 18.32.050 of
361	this code (adopted building code appendix; nonconforming building conversion), and submitted
362	as part of the application, together with a plan for proposed improvements, renovations, or repairs
363	to existing structures/facility:
364	b. Proof of notice to occupants shall be required before final approval. The notice shall include
365	the estimated purchase price of the units, and information regarding proposed improvements. The
366	notice shall describe any financing packages or economic incentives being offered to tenants to
367	assist in unit purchase. The notice shall also include a date occupants must vacate or purchase,
368	said date shall be no earlier than 90 days after service of the notice. Relocation information for
369	the tenants, specifying available housing relocation resource agencies, and a plan of any services
370	to be voluntarily provided by the owner/developer, shall be included in the notice; and
371	c. The preliminary plat map shall include all information required by Utah Code Section 57-8-13
372	or its successor.
373	H. If the application is a subdivision amendment, the following shall be provided in addition to the
374	previous listed items for preliminary plat:
375	1. A name that is not a duplicate of any other subdivision in the city or county. Plat maps that are
376	amending an existing subdivision shall include in the name of the original subdivision with the term
377	"amendment" and a number indicating the next number of amendment that is proposed. Example:
378	"Subdivision X, Amendment 1" or "Subdivision X, Amending Lot Y"; 22
379	2. The boundaries of the proposed subdivision amendment and the total number of lots being
380	proposed because of the amendment;
381	3. Identification of the lots that are subject to the amendment;
382	4. If the amendment includes land that is outside of the existing boundary of the subdivision, a new
383	description of the boundary, the legal descriptions of the land that is proposed to be added to the
384	subdivision, the number, size, and dimensions of all lots subject to the proposed amendment;
385	5. The signature of all owners within the subdivision indicating consent to the proposed subdivision.
386	If not all owners have consented, a list of recorded names of the owners who have not consented to
387	the subdivision amendment; and
388	6. If the amendment includes an alteration to a public street, alley or other right of way or an
389	alteration to any public easement or note on the plat that grants any public interest, consent from the
390	entity that has a right to the street, easement, or note that the subdivider may proceed with the
391	proposed amendment. In addition, the application shall include the following information about any
392	alterations:

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 21}$  Added at request of Engineering.  $^{\rm 22}$  Change made by City Surveyor.

393 394	a. The legal description of the public street, alley or other right of way or easement or note as it currently exists and how it would be described if the amendment were to be approved;
395 396	b. Appropriate infrastructure plans for the modification of any public street, alley, or other right of way. This may be provided in public improvement plans submitted with a final plat; and
397 398	c. if required, a draft written agreement to purchase the entirety or portion of any street, alley, or right of way or any public easement that is proposed to be amended by the subdivision.
399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406	20.10.050: SUBMITTAL REQUIRMENTS FOR FINAL PLATS AND OTHER RECORDABLE INSTRUMENTS:  An application for a final plat shall include all information provided in this section. The final plat application is required for all new subdivisions, subdivision amendments, and condominiums, including new condominiums, conversions of existing buildings to condominiums, and modifications to an existing condominium. All final plat documents shall be consistent with the preliminary approval and reflect any conditions of approval. If a final plat is not required, the application shall include all information provided for in the applicable section below.
407	A. Submission Requirements for Final Plat
408 409	1. At the time a final plat of a subdivision is submitted to the planning director, the subdivider shall submit therewith the following documents:
410 411 412 413 414	a. The final plat shall be accompanied by a current property title report naming the persons whose consent is necessary for the preparation and recordation of such plat and for dedication of the streets, alleys and other public places shown on the plat, and certifying that as of the date of the preparation of the report, the persons therein named are all the persons necessary to give clear title to such subdivision;
415 416 417	b. If a preliminary soil report was required for the preliminary plat review, a copy of that report shall be included with the final plat. The fact that a soil report has been prepared shall be noted on the final plat and the report shall be recorded as a supporting document with the plat;
418 419	c. Environmental site assessments and remediation, if remediation was needed, as specified in Section 20.26.060.B. <sup>23</sup>
420 421	d. The public improvement plans, agreement and bonds specified in Sections 20.12 of this title, or successor sections; and
422	e. Copies of all proposed deed restrictions.
423 424	2. Preparation and Materials on Final Plat: A digital final plat shall be submitted by the subdivider with the attributes listed below and that includes all the following information:
425	a. 24 inches x 36 inches in size with a minimum of ½ inch margins from the edge of the sheet;
426 427	b. The map shall be oriented with north or east <sup>24</sup> at the top of the sheet, whichever orientation best accommodates the proposed subdivision;
428	c. A north arrow, with all labels and descriptions oriented with the north direction;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Added by request of Sustainability.<sup>24</sup> Direction changed from west to east at request of City Surveyor.

429	d. The actual plat drawing shall be made on a scale large enough to clearly show all details, and
430	the workmanship on the finished drawing shall be neat, clear, and readable. The preferred scales
431	are one-inch equals twenty feet $(1'' = 20')$ or one-inch equals thirty feet $(1'' = 30')$ , but in no cases
432	shall the scale be smaller than one-inch equals one hundred feet $(1" = 100')$ ;
433	e. The location of the subdivision within the city shall be shown by a small-scale vicinity map
434	inset on the title sheet;
435	f. The title of each sheet of such final plat shall consist of the approved name of the subdivision
436	at the top center and lower right-hand corner of the sheet, followed by the words "Salt Lake
437	City". Plats filed for the purpose of showing land previously subdivided as acreage shall be
438	conspicuously marked with the words "Reversion to Acreage";
439	g. An accurate and complete boundary survey to second order accuracy shall be made of the
440	land to be subdivided. A traverse of the exterior boundaries of the tract, and of each block, when
441	computed from field measurements on the ground, shall close within a tolerance of one foot to
442	15,000' of perimeter;
443	h. The final plat shall show all survey and mathematical information and data necessary to locate
444	all monuments and to locate and retrace all interior and exterior boundary lines appearing
445	thereon, including bearing and distance of straight lines, and central angle, radius, and arc length
446	of curves. Identify the basis of bearing between two existing monuments;
447	i. All lots, blocks, and all parcels shall be delineated and include the following information:
448	(1) all dimensions, boundaries, size, and courses clearly shown and labeled No ditto marks
449	shall be used for lot dimensions;
450	(2) Lot numbers shall begin with the numeral "1" and continue consecutively throughout the
451	subdivision with no omissions or duplications. Condominiums may use a number, such as
452	"101" to label individual condo units when there are multiple buildings or floors; where the
453	first number indicates a different building or floor within an existing building; 25
454	(3) Addresses for each lot within the subdivision, assigned by the City Engineer, shall be
455	shown on the plat. Parcels offered for dedication other than for streets or easements shall be
456	designated by letter and address;
457	(4) All common areas shall include a unique address; 26
458	(5) Sufficient linear, angular and curve data shall be shown to determine readily the bearing
459	and length of the boundary lines of every block, lot and parcel which is a part thereof; and
460	(6) Sheets shall be so arranged that no lot is split between two or more sheets and, wherever
461	practicable, blocks in their entirety shall be shown on one sheet;
462	j. The plat shall show the right of way lines of existing and new streets with the street name and
463	number value of the street, the width of any portion being dedicated, label all streets as private or
464	public <sup>27</sup> , and widths of any existing dedications. The widths and locations of adjacent streets and
465	other public properties within 50' of the subdivision shall be shown. If any street in the

Added at request of Engineering.
 Added at request of City Surveyor.
 Added by City Engineer

466	subdivision is a continuation or an approximate continuation of an existing street, the conformity,
467	or the amount of nonconformity of such street to such existing streets shall be accurately shown;
468	k. All easements shall be shown by fine dashed lines. The widths of all easements and sufficient
469	ties thereto to locate the same with respect to the subdivision shall be shown. All easements shall
470	be clearly labeled and identified;
471	1. If the subdivision is adjacent to a waterway or any portion of the subdivision is located in
472	special flood hazard area <sup>28</sup> , the map shall show the line of high water with a continuous line and
473	shall also show with a fine continuous line any lots subject to inundation by a 1% chance flood.
474	Frequency flood, i.e., a flood having an average frequency of occurrence in the order of once in
475	100 years although the flood may occur in any year <sup>29</sup> (The 100-year floodplain is defined by the
476	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.) Land that is subject to any overlay district in Chapter 21A.34
477	that requires a buffer from a waterway shall be depicted on the plat where restrictions to future
478	development apply and include appropriate notes on the plat referencing the applicable overlay
479	district restrictions including the minimum flood elevation of all buildings; 30
480	m. The plat shall show fully and clearly:
481	(1). All monuments found, set, reset, replaced, or removed, stated at each point or in legend.
482	Monument caps set by surveyor must be stamped with L.S. number or surveyor and/or
483	company name, and date. Drawings of brass caps, showing marked and stamped data for any
484	existing monuments and the monuments to be set, shall be included on the plat;
485	(2). Type of boundary markers and lot markers used; and
486	(3). Other evidence indicating the boundaries of the subdivision as found on the site.
487	n. The title sheet of the plat shall show the following information:
488	(1). Name of the subdivision at the top center and lower right-hand corner of the sheet; with
489	location indicated by quarter section, township, range, base, and meridian;
490	(2). Number of sheets in the lower right right-hand corner;
491	(3). Name of the engineer or surveyor with the date of the survey;
492	(4). North direction:
493	(5). Scale of the drawing;
494	(6). The location of the subdivision within the city shall be shown by a small-scale vicinity
495	map inset; and
496	(7). Plats filed for the purpose of showing land previously subdivided as acreage shall be
497	conspicuously marked with the words "Reversion to Acreage";
498	o. The following certificates, acknowledgments, and boundary descriptions:

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 28}$  Added by request of public utilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Added by request of public utilities.

499 500	(1). Registered, professional land surveyor's "certificate of survey" together with the surveyor's professional stamp, signature, name, business address, and phone number;
501	(2). Owner's dedication certificate (with subdivision name included);
502	(3). Notary public's acknowledgment (with subdivision name included);
503 504	(4). A boundary description of all property being subdivided, with sufficient ties to section corner, quarter corner, land corner or recorded subdivision, etc., and with reference to maps
505	or deeds of the property as shall have been previously recorded or filed. Each reference in
506	such description shall show a complete reference to the book and page of records of the
507	county. The description shall also include reference to any vacated area with the vacation
508	ordinance number indicated;
509	(5). The tax parcel identification numbers for all existing parcels <sup>31</sup> shown on the plat; and
510 511	(6). Such other affidavits, certificates, acknowledgments, endorsements, and notary seals as are required by law and by this chapter.
512 513	p. Signature blocks for all required entities that are required to sign the recordable document shall include space for a signature and date of signing. Required signature blocks include:
514 515	(1). The owners of the property to be subdivided, which shall be identical to the recorded owners of record of the property as indicated in the title report;
516	(2). County health department;
517	(3). Public utilities director;
518	(4). City Engineer;
519	(5). Planning director;
520	(6). Building official, if the plat is a condominium;
521	(7). City attorney:
522	(8). Mayor;
523	(9). City recorder; and
524	$(10) City surveyor. \frac{32}{}$
525	q. If the final plat is a condominium: the final documents required under 20.10.040.C that are
526	updated to include any requirement or condition approved as part of the preliminary approval;
527	<u>and</u>
528	r. After review and approval by the city of the draft final plat, the subdivider shall provide the plat
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529 530	in a form that is acceptable to the county recorder's office for recording the plat after the plat has all required signatures. This version shall be identical to the approved draft final plat.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 31}$  Clarified that this is for existing parcels.  $^{\rm 32}$  Added by City Surveyor.

532	for all required public improvements shall be provided at the time of final plat applications. Public
533	improvement plans shall include all required information to address the requirements of Chapter 20.12
534	and any applicable provision of Chapter 20.26 and any other applicable section of the Salt Lake City
535	Code of Ordinances, federal law, or Utah Code that regulate the construction or improvement of public
536	infrastructure and improvements.
537	C. Final Plats for Subdivision Amendments. If a final plat is a subdivision amendment, the final plat shall
538	comply with all the requirements for final plats and include the following additional information:
539	1. Final condominium declaration as required under applicable Utah Codes;
540	2. If the amendment includes a public street:
541	a. A binding agreement to pay the fair market value to the city for any portions of the street that
542	are proposed to be vacated; and
543	b. The plat shall indicate how the vacated portion of a public street will be identified, whether
544	added to an existing lot or creating a new lot if authorized by this title <sup>34</sup> ; and
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545	3. A traffic impact study that provides an analysis of the impacts of closing or vacating a public street.
546	D. Exceptions to Final Plat. If, after preliminary approval, a subdivision plat is not required as provided
547	in this title or by Utah Code, a subdivider shall submit the following documents to record the subdivision
548	without a plat:
549	1. A draft "notice of subdivision approval for ten lots or less" on a form that is provided by the
550	planning director;
551	2. The legal descriptions of the existing parcels that are proposed to be subdivided; and
552	3. Copies of deeds that transfer the ownership of new lots that include the legal descriptions of each
553	lot that is within the proposed subdivision.
554	20.10.060: SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LOT AND PARCEL LINE ADJUSTMENTS:
555	An application to amend a lot or parcel line shall include all the following information:
556	A. Required forms as provided by the planning director;
557	B. All applicable fees;
558	C. The name and address of the subdivider, if different than the recorded owner there shall be a statement
559	from the recorded owner authorizing the subdivider to act on the owner's behalf;
	D. The name, address, phone number, email, of the person and organization preparing the subdivision
560	* * * * *
561	documents;
562	E. The signatures of all property owners of record whose land is involved in the adjustment;
563	

B. Public Improvement Plans: Construction plans and details, reports, studies, and permit applications 33

<sup>33</sup> Added by Public Utilities.34 Clarification added by Engineering.

564	F. Digital copies of a site plan, record of survey and other items necessary for proper review as specified
565	by the planning director. The site plan shall be verified by a Utah registered land surveyor or licensed
566	engineer and include the following information:
567	
568	1. Current lot or parcel <sup>35</sup> lines;
569	2. Proposed adjustment(s) to the existing and adjusted lot or parcel lines <sup>36</sup> ;
570	3. Location of the home(s) and/or building(s) on the parcels involved, including accessory buildings;
	4. Setbacks from all buildings to the existing and adjusted lor or parcel line(s) <sup>37</sup> ;
571	5. Subdivision standards that are applicable to lot and parcel line adjustments;
572	5. Subdivision standards that are applicable to lot and parcer line adjustments,
573	C. A deed on other recordable instrument that will be used to exceed the adjustment on a form marrial d
574	G. A deed or other recordable instrument that will be used to execute the adjustment on a form provided
575	by the planning director; and
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577	H. Verification that relocation of a lot or parcel line(s) will not leave in place a utility easement(s) that
578	will impede future development.
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580	20.10.070: SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LOT AND PARCEL CONSOLIDATIONS:
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581	An application to combine lots or parcels shall include all the following information:
582	A. Required forms as provided by the planning director;
302	A. Required forms as provided by the planning director,
583	B. All applicable fees;
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584	C. The name and address of the property owner, if different than the recorded owner(s) there shall be a
585	statement from the recorded owner(s) authorizing the subdivider to act on the owner's or owners' behalf;
586	D. The name, address, phone number, email, of the person and organization preparing the consolidation
587	documents;
588	E. The signatures of all property owners of record whose land is involved in the consolidation;
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590	F. A site plan, verified by a Utah registered land surveyor depicting the following information:
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592	1. Current lot or parcel <sup>38</sup> lines;
593	
594	2. Location of any home(s) and/or building(s) on the lots or parcels <sup>39</sup> involved, including accessory
595	buildings; and
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597	3. Inclusion of all subdivision standards that are specifically applicable to consolidations;
598	evineration of an esto at the same and and and approximately approximate to constitutions,
599	G. Verification that elimination of a lot or parcel line(s) will not leave in place any utility easement(s)
600	that will impede future development; and
601	that will impede future development, and
	II. A compressible deed on other recordable instrument that will be used to execute the consolidation on a
602	H. A copy of the deed or other recordable instrument that will be used to execute the consolidation on a
603	form provided by the planning director. The instrument shall clearly indicate that the parcels or lots are to
604	be consolidated into one parcel or lot and one legal description. If the consolidation includes land within
	35 Clarification added by City Surveyor.
	<sup>36</sup> Clarification added by City Surveyor.
	<sup>37</sup> Clarification added by City Surveyor.
	<sup>38</sup> Clarification added by City Surveyor.
	<sup>39</sup> Clarification added by City Surveyor.

605 606 607 608	an existing subdivision, the name of the existing subdivision and recording reference to the subdivision plat or most recent amended plat shall be referenced and the specific lots that are intended to be consolidated identified.
609 610	20.10.080: SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS FOR STREET DEDICATION PLATS: 40  An application to dedicate a street as a public street, whether the street is proposed or existing, shall
611	include the following information:
612	A. Required forms as provided by the planning director;
613	B. All applicable fees;
614 615	C. The name and address of the applicant. If different than the recorded owner there shall be a statement from the recorded owner authorizing the subdivider to act on the owner's behalf;
616 617	D. The name, address, phone number, email, of the person and organization preparing the dedication documents;
618	E. The signatures of all property owners of record whose land is involved in the dedication;
619 620	F. A draft plat that complies with all the requirements for a final plat, except those requirements pertaining to proposed lots;
621 622 623 624	G. Construction plans that demonstrate compliance with all adopted and applicable standards for public streets. If the street was approved as a substandard public street as a planned development under Title 21A, the applicant shall provide evidence that the street dedication plat complies with the planned development approval; and
625 626	H. If the street dedication plat is for an existing street that is not a public street, the applicant shall demonstrate all requirements and processes required by Chapter 14.54 or its successor.
627 628	I. Any private utilities located in the street dedication shall meet current standards or be replaced and dedicated to Salt Lake City. 41
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630	20.12 PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REQUIREMENTS AND AGREEMENTS 42
631 632 633 634 635 636 637 638 639 640 641	20.12.010 Public Improvement Agreement Required 20.12.020 Public Improvements Required 20.12.030 Timing and Phasing of Public Improvements 20.12.040 Underground Utility Installation 20.12.050 Subdivision Improvement Construction Agreements 20.12.060 Bond and Security Requirements 20.12.070 Security Devices Securing Payment Risk 20.12.080 No Public Right of Action 20.12.090 As Built Plans Filed for Public Improvements  20.12.010: PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT AGREEMENT REQUIRED:
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	to FDI : :

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> This is a new section.
<sup>41</sup> Added by Public Utilities.
<sup>42</sup> Existing sections 20.20040 through 20.20.055

A subdivider for a subdivision that requires construction, repair, or replacement of public improvements shall be required to provide subdivision improvement plans with a final plat application. The review cycles in Utah Code Sections 10-9a-604.1 and 10-9a-604.2 or its successor shall apply. When the only public improvements required by this chapter relate to public utilities, any reference to the city engineer shall be interpreted to apply to the director of public utilities<sup>43</sup>.

# 20.12.020: PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS REQUIRED44

The subdivider shall be responsible for providing all public improvements as required by this section. Any missing or deficient public improvement identified by this section shall be brought up to current standards.

A. The subdivider shall improve all streets, pedestrianways or easements in the subdivision, and adjacent streets required to serve the subdivision to the standards and specifications adopted by the city that are found in the Salt Lake City Code of Ordinances or adopted by reference. No permanent improvement work shall be commenced until public improvement plans and profiles have been approved by the city engineer and a Subdivision Improvement Construction Agreement contract has been executed between the subdivider and the city. Improvements shall be installed to permanent line and grade and to the satisfaction of the city engineer, and in accordance with the standard subdivision specifications contained in Chapter 20.12 of this title or its successor, as adopted by the city. The cost of inspection shall be paid by the subdivider. The subdivider may request that certain public improvements be waived by the city's complete streets committee. The complete streets committee may waive those improvements for which it has authority.

- B. The minimum improvements which the subdivider normally shall agree to install at the cost of the subdivider, prior to acceptance and approval of the final subdivision plat by the city shall be:
  - 1. Grading, curbs and gutter, paving, drainage, and drainage structures necessary for the proper use and drainage of streets and pedestrianways, and for the public safety;
  - 2. Site grading and drainage, taking into consideration the drainage pattern of adjacent improved and unimproved property and treating upstream areas, where appropriate, as though fully improved. All site grading shall conform to the specifications contained in Chapter 20.12 of this title;
  - 3. All streets and pedestrianways shall be graded, and surfaced to widths and grades shown on the improvement plans and profiles. The subdivider shall improve the extension of all subdivision streets and pedestrianways to any intercepting or intersecting streets;
  - 4. Sidewalks shall be installed as shown on the improvement plans;
  - 5. Sanitary sewer facilities connecting with the existing city sewer system shall be installed to serve the subdivision, with a separate private lateral for each lot, and to grades and sizes shown on the plans;
  - 6. Stormwater drains and detention/retention basins shall be installed as shown on the plans. Long term stormwater best management practices for stormwater quality shall be installed as shown on the plans and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). All other conditions of the SWPPP shall be completed and permits terminated;<sup>45</sup>;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Added to ensure this applies when the only public improvements are related to public utilities.

<sup>44</sup> This is a from section 20.40.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Added by Public Utilities.

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## 20.12.030: TIMING AND PHASING OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS: 49 The subdivider may propose a timing and phasing plan for installation of public improvement that

## subdivisions. 732

complies with this section.

- <sup>46</sup> Added by Public Utilities.
- <sup>47</sup> Added by Public Utilities.
- <sup>48</sup> Added by Public Utilities and Engineering.
- <sup>49</sup> This is a new section.

- 7. Water mains and fire hydrants connecting to the water system serving the city shall be installed as shown on the plans signed by the director of public utilities 46. Mains and individual lot services shall be of sufficient size to furnish an adequate water supply for each lot or parcel in the subdivision and to provide adequate fire protection:
- 8. Street trees, if required, shall be of a type approved by the city and planted in approved locations;
- 9. Street lighting facilities shall be provided in accordance with city policy for the area of the city where the subdivision is located, and shall be so screened as not to interfere with views from hillsides of the city;
- 10. All natural gas lines, and telephone, electric power, cable television or other wires or cables shall be placed underground. Equipment appurtenant to the underground facilities, such as surface mounted transformers, pedestal mounted terminal boxes and meter cabinets, and concealed ducts may be above ground subject to compliance with Section 21A.40.160, "Ground Mounted Utility Boxes", of this code or its successor. The subdivider shall make necessary arrangements with the utilities involved for the installation of the underground facilities. All installed utilities shall meet the minimum separation requirements as shown on the plans<sup>47</sup>; and
- 11. Provisions shall be made for any railroad crossings necessary to provide access to or circulation within the proposed subdivision.
- C. All public improvements required by this section or provided by the subdivider shall be documented in the public improvement plans that show all public improvements are constructed to comply with all applicable provisions of the Salt Lake City Code of Ordinance, referenced standards adopted by the city, and any applicable federal standard or Utah Code. All public improvements required by this section that are shown in the public improvement plans shall meet the applicable standards, which include:
  - 1. American Public Works Association Manual of Standard Specifications and Manual of Standard Plans 2017 edition;
  - 2. Standard Practices for Salt Lake City Public Utilities (January 2010) or its successor;
  - 3. Any standard or reference to a standard specifically identified in the Salt Lake City Code of Ordinances;

A. All public improvements must be installed in each respective phase of the subdivision or future

- 4. Any applicable standard that has been adopted by the State of Utah; and
- 5. Any applicable federal standard. 48

B. All public improvements shall be designed such that the first phase has the capacity to accommodate the capacity of future phases.

C. The subdivider shall include a phasing plan that details how each aspect of the subdivision will be platted and subdivided and the anticipated public improvements for each phase.

D. The subdivider shall provide an overall concept plan for required public improvements, indicate on the plan what public improvements will be included in each phase, and enough information to demonstrate that the capacity is sufficient for all phases of the subdivision. 50

E. The public improvement plan shall acknowledge that if a subdivision standard or public improvement requirement changes prior to future phases being platted or constructed, the future phases shall comply with those future improvements.

<u>F. Any monument or benchmark that is disturbed or destroyed before acceptance of all improvements, shall be replaced by the subdivider under the direction of the city engineer.</u>

## 20.12.040: UNDERGROUND UTILITY INSTALLATION:

All underground utilities including water mains and laterals, sanitary sewers and storm drains installed in streets or alleys shall be constructed prior to the surfacing of such streets or alleys. Connections for all underground utilities and sanitary sewers shall be laid to such length as will avert the necessity for disturbing the street or alley improvements when service connections thereto are made. <sup>51</sup>

# 20.12.050: SUBDIVISION IMPROVEMENT CONSTRUCTION AGREEMENT:

A. Prior to the approval by the mayor of the final plat, and if public improvements were conditions of preliminary approval, the subdivider shall execute and file a subdivision improvement construction agreement between the subdivider and the city, specifying the period within which the subdivider shall complete all public improvement work to the satisfaction of the city engineer, and providing that if the subdivider shall fail to complete the public improvement work within such period, the city may complete the same and recover the full cost and expense thereof from the subdivider's security device. The agreement shall also provide for inspection and testing of all public improvements and the cost of such inspections and testing shall be paid for by the subdivider.

764 <u>inspections and testing shall</u>

- B. Such agreement may also provide the following:
- 1. Construction of the improvements in units or phases; or
- 767 2. An extension of time under the conditions specified in this agreement.

## 20.12.060: BOND AND SECURITY REQUIREMENTS: 52

A. The subdivider shall file with the city engineer, together with the subdivision improvement construction agreement, a security device. With the consent of the city attorney, the subdivider may, during the term of the improvement agreement, replace a security device with any other type of security device. If a corporate surety performance bond and a corporate surety payment bond are used, each shall

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Engineering clarification.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> This is current code, but conflicts with public utilities requirement for rough in to be installed prior to sewer lateral inspection. Needs to be figured out with Engineering and Public Utilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Changes in this section from Engineering via City Attorney Office. From Public Utilities, there are often subdivisions with no public streets or ROW infrastructure, clarify that this is for public infrastructure only.

- be in an amount equal to not less than 100 percent of the estimated cost of the public improvements. If a cash bond, escrow agreement, or letter of credit is used to secure the performance and payment obligations, the aggregate amount thereof shall be not less than 100% of the estimated cost of the public improvements. The estimates of the cost of the public improvements pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the approval of the city engineer. Except as otherwise provided hereafter, each security device shall extend for at least a one-year period beyond the date the public improvements are completed and accepted by the city, as determined by the city engineer, to secure the subdivider's obligations under the improvement agreement, including, without limitation, the replacement of defective public improvements.
  - B. In the event the subdivider fails to complete all public improvement work in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the improvement agreement: 1) in the case of a corporate surety performance bond, the city shall have the following options, which shall be set forth in the bond: a) the city may require the subdivider's surety to complete the work, or b) the city may complete the work and call upon the surety for reimbursement; 2) in the case of a cash bond or escrow agreement, the subdivider shall forfeit to the city such portion of the money as is necessary to pay for the costs of completion; and 3) in the case of a letter of credit, the city may draw on the letter of credit to pay for the costs of completion. The subdivider shall be liable for, and the city may draw on the security device for, the city's costs and expenses incurred in realizing on the security device and otherwise pursuing its remedies hereunder and under the improvement agreement. If the amount of the security device exceeds all costs and expenses incurred by the city, the city shall release the remainder of the security device to the subdivider after the expiration of the one year period described in subsection A of this section, and if the amount of the security device is less than the costs and expenses incurred by the city, the subdivider shall be personally liable to the city for such deficiency.
  - C. The office of the city engineer shall monitor the progress of the work. After the completion and acceptance by the city (as determined by the city engineer) of all of the utility improvements work (other than street lighting), and upon the receipt by the city of any lien waivers with respect to that work required by the city engineer and provided that the city has not received any claims or notices of claim upon the security device with respect to utility improvement work, the city engineer shall release or consent to the release of 90 percent of the security device attributable to the utility improvements work (other than street lighting) to the subdivider. The city shall hold the remaining 10 percent for one year from such date of completion and acceptance to make certain that the utility improvements remain in good condition during that year and to secure the subdivider's other obligations under the improvement agreement. At the end of that year and upon the receipt by the city of any lien waivers required by the city engineer and provided that the city has not received any claims or notices of claim upon the security device with respect to the utility improvements work, and provided that the utility improvements remain in good condition and the subdivider has performed the subdivider's obligations under the improvement agreement, the city engineer shall release or consent to the release of the final ten percent of the security device attributable to the utility improvements work to the subdivider. After the completion and acceptance by the city (as determined by the city engineer) of all of the physical improvements work and upon the receipt by the city of any lien waivers required by the city engineer and provided that the city has not received any claims or notices of claim upon the security device with respect to the physical improvements pursuant to Section 20.12.060 of this chapter, the city engineer shall release or consent to the release of 90 percent of the security device attributable to the physical improvements to the subdivider. The city shall hold the remaining ten percent s for one year from such date of completion and acceptance b to make certain that the physical improvements remain in good condition during that year and to secure the subdivider's other obligations under the improvement agreement. At the end of that year and upon the receipt by the city of any lien waivers required by the city engineer, and provided that the city has not received any claims or notices of claim upon the security

- 822 device with respect to the physical improvements pursuant to Section 20.12.060 of this chapter and provided that the physical improvements remain in good condition and the subdivider has performed the 823 subdivider's obligations under the improvement agreement, the city engineer shall release or consent to 824 825 the release of the final ten percent of the security device attributable to the physical improvements to the 826 subdivider. All sums, if any, held by the city in the form of cash shall be returned to the subdivider 827 without interest, the interest on such money being reimbursed to the city for the costs of supervision of 828 the account. If the security device is a corporate surety bond, copies of the partial releases from the 829 engineer's office shall be sent to the recorder's office for inclusion with and attachment to the bond. The 830 foregoing provisions of this subsection shall not apply to amounts required for erosion control and slope stabilization requirements, and any release with respect to such amounts shall be made as provided in 831 832 Subsection E of this section and in the improvement agreement.
- 833 D. A letter of credit shall be irrevocable unless otherwise expressly consented to in writing by the city
  834 engineer. All other terms of and conditions for a letter of credit shall be the same as those required for a
  835 cash bond or escrow agreement.
- 836 E. Where a subdivider is required to provide erosion control and slope stabilization facilities in a 837 subdivision, the estimated cost of such facilities, as approved by the city engineer, shall be set forth as a separate figure in the security device. Upon the completion and acceptance by the city engineer of such 838 facilities, and upon the receipt by the city of any lien waivers required by the city engineer, and provided 839 840 that the city has not received any claims or notices of claim upon the security device with respect to the erosion control and slope stabilization facilities pursuant to Section 20.12.060 of this chapter, 50 percent 841 of the money held as security for such facilities shall be returned to the subdivider and 50 percent shall be 842 retained for two (2) growing seasons to ensure that growth has taken hold and to secure the subdivider's 843 844 other obligations under the improvement agreement. The subdivider shall replace all dead vegetation through replanting at the end of the second growing season. At the end of that two year period and upon 845 846 receipt by the city of any lien waivers required by the city engineer and provided that the city has not received any claims or notices of claim upon the security device with respect to the erosion control and 847 848 slope stabilization facilities pursuant to Section 20.12.060 of this chapter and provided that the erosion 849 control and/or slope stabilization remains acceptable to the city, the city engineer shall release or consent 850 to the release of the final 50 percent of the security device attributable to the erosion and slope 851 stabilization facilities to the subdivider. All sums, if any, held by the city in the form of cash shall be returned to the subdivider without interest, the interest on such money being reimbursed to the city for the 852 853 costs of supervision of the account. If the security device is a corporate surety bond, copies of the partial 854 release from the engineer's office shall be sent to the recorder's office for inclusion with and attachment to the bond. 855

#### 20.12.070: SECURITY DEVICES SECURING PAYMENT RISK: 53

The terms of a corporate surety payment bond held by the city as a security device shall govern claims to 857 the corporate surety by a claimant. Subsections A through E of this section shall govern claims by 858 859 claimants on any security device which is a cash bond held by the city, a letter of credit, or an escrow agreement. For purposes of this section, "claim" means a request or demand by a claimant that: a) a 860 861 corporate surety pay the claimant from a corporate surety payment bond or b) that the city either: 1) pay 862 the claimant from a cash bond, or 2) make a draw request under a letter of credit or make a request for payment under an escrow agreement. For purposes of this section, "claimant" means a person who, 863 864 pursuant to contract, furnished labor, materials, supplies, or equipment with respect to the public improvements. For purposes of this section, "contractor" means the person with whom the claimant has 865 866 contracted to furnish labor, materials, supplies, or equipment with respect to the public improvements. For

<sup>53</sup> Changes in this section from Engineering via City Attorney Office

- purposes of this section, "original contractor" means the person with whom the subdivider contracted to construct the public improvements.
- A. The city shall be obligated to make a payment or request a payment to be made only to the extent of
- 870 monies available under the security device and shall have no duty to defend any person in any legal action
- 871 relating to a claim.
- B. The city shall have no obligation to a claimant under a security device until:
- 1. The claimant has furnished written notice to the contractor, with a copy to the original contractor, the subdivider and the city, within 90 days after having last performed labor or last furnished materials, supplies or equipment included in the claim, stating, with substantial accuracy, the amount of the claim and the name of the party to whom the materials, supplies or equipment were furnished or for whom the labor was done or performed; and
- 878 2. Not having been paid within 30 days after having furnished the above notice, the claimant has
   879 sent written claim to the city, with a copy to the original contractor and the subdivider, stating that a
   880 claim is being made under the security device and enclosing a copy of the previous written notice
   881 furnished to the contractor and to the city.
- C. When the claimant has satisfied the conditions in Subsection B of this section, the city shall, within
   30 days after receipt of the claim, take the following actions:
- 1. Send an answer to the claimant, with a copy to the original contractor and to the subdivider,

  stating the amounts that are undisputed and the basis for challenging any amounts that are disputed;

  and
- 2. Pay or arrange for the payment of any undisputed amounts.
- 888 D. No suit or action shall be commenced by a claimant under a security device after the expiration of one year after the date of completion of the public improvements and acceptance thereof by the city (as certified by the city engineer). Any such suit or action shall commence only in a court of competent jurisdiction in Salt Lake County.
- 892 E. If the subdivider provides a security device comprising a cash bond, a letter of credit or escrow

  893 agreement, the subdivider and the contractor shall be deemed to have waived any right to sue the city

  894 because of any payment or draw made by the city under or pursuant to such security device.

## 895 20.12.080: NO PUBLIC RIGHT OF ACTION:

- The provisions of Sections 20.12.040 and 20.12.050 of this chapter, or successor sections, shall not be construed to provide any private right of action on either tort, contract, third party contract or any other
- 898 basis on behalf of any property holder in the subdivision as against the city or on the security device
- 899 required under Section 20.12.050 of this chapter or its successor in the event that the public improvements
- are not constructed as required. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, any security device obtained
- pursuant to Section 20.12.050 of this chapter to secure payment obligations with respect to the public
- 902 improvements shall provide a private right of action to any person, at any tier, who supplies labor,
- 903 material, or equipment with respect to the public improvements.

## 20.12.090: AS BUILT PLANS FILED FOR PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS:

- A complete improvement plan "as built" (a.k.a. "record documents") shall be filed with the city engineer upon completion of said improvements. The as built plans shall be in a digital format and a minimum of
- 907 24"x36" in size<sup>54</sup>.

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<sup>54</sup> Added by Public Utilities.

908	
909	20.14 PUBLIC HEARING AND NOTICING REQUIREMENTS 55
910	20.14.010 Purpose
911	20.14.020 Public Hearing Requirements
912	20.14.030 Public Meeting Requirements
913	20.14.040 Notice of Application
914	20.14.050 Identifying Property Owners to be Noticed.
915	20.14.060 Noticing Errors
916	20.14.070 Subdivider Responsible for Posting of Property
917	20.14.080 Applications Not Requiring Public Notice
918	<u></u>
919	20.14.010: PURPOSE:
920	The purpose of this section is to identify required public processes for each application that is required by
921	this title. The intent of public notice and input is to provide an opportunity for the public to learn about
922	the application and provide input regarding the impact of the proposed subdivision to their ability to
923	utilize their own property.
924	
925	20.14.020: PUBLIC HEARING REQUIREMENTS:
926	Public hearings shall be held and noticed as identified in this section.
927	
928	A. A public hearing shall be held for the following applications required by this title:
929	1. Subdivision amendments that:
930	
931	a. Include closing or vacating, in whole or in part, a public right of way;
932	
933	b. Alters a public easement when the public easement restricts or prohibits development other
934	than public utility or public walkways or trails;
935	
936	c. Originally were notified through a notice of application and where a property owner within the
937	subdivision has submitted a written objection to the proposed amendment within the timeline
938	identified on the notice of application; and
939	
940	d. A public hearing for a subdivision amendment shall be heard within 45 days of the application
941	being considered complete.
942	
943	2. Any application that includes an application for a planned development; and
944	
945	3. Any application that includes a modification to a subdivision design standard.
946	
947	B. Public Hearing Noticing Requirements. Any application that requires a public hearing shall be subject
948	to the noticing requirements found in Section 21A.10.020:
949	
950	
951	20.14.030: PUBLIC MEETING REQUIREMENTS:
952	The purpose of this section is to identify when a public meeting is required to be held to approve an
953	application under this Title. A public meeting is a meeting that is open to the public to witness the
954	discussion and decision-making process regarding an application that may be required by this title but
955	does not include a public hearing for the application.
	55 Combined sections 20.36, Utah code, and updated to match title 21A noticing requirements for
	consistency.

956	
957	A. A public meeting shall be held for subdivision amendments when eligible under Utah Code Section
958	10-9a-608 or its successor.
959 960 961	B. Noticing Requirements for Public Meetings: Noticing requirements and notice content shall be the same as in Section 21A.10.020 of this code.
962 963 964	D. The planning director may decide the matter during the public meeting or after the public meeting. If the decision is made after the public meeting, the planning director shall indicate the timeframe for a
965	decision at the public meeting.
966 967 968	E. If Utah Code Section 10-9a-608 is modified to eliminate a public meeting requirement, then the public meeting requirement of this section shall not be required.
969	meeting requirement of this section shart not be required.
909 970	20.14.040: NOTICE OF APPLICATION:
970 971	The purpose of this section is to identify the public notice process for a notice of application as required
97 <del>1</del> 972	by this title.
97 <b>-</b> 973	ey uno uno
974	A. When authorized. Notice of application shall be provided for the following applications that may be
975	required by this title:
976	
977	1. Preliminary subdivisions that do not require a public hearing or public meeting;
978	
979 980	2. Subdivision amendments that include the signatures of all property owners; and
981	3. Street dedication plats.
982	
983	B. Noticing Requirements
984	
985	1. A notice of application shall be mailed to all property owners within 300 feet of the property
986	subject to the application. If the application is for a subdivision amendment, the notice of application
987	shall be mailed to all owners of property within the existing subdivision in addition to the property
988	owners within 300 feet of the properties subject to the subdivision amendment. The notice shall
989	provide at least 12 days for public comment to be submitted to the city before a decision is rendered
990	on the application.
991	2 A metics of application shall be count to all autition as manifold in Litab Code Sections 10 0 206 10
992	2. A notice of application shall be sent to all entities as required in Utah Code Sections 10-9a-206, 10-9a-207, 10-9a-208, and 10-9a-603 or the successors of each section.
993	<u>9a-207, 10-9a-208, and 10-9a-005 of the successors of each section.</u>
994	3. The property shall be posted with a sign advertising the public hearing. Each street frontage shall
995 996	be posted with one sign that is posted within at least 10 feet of the property line along the street.
990 997	be posted with one sign that is posted within at least to feet of the property line along the street.
997 998	C. Public Notice Content. Each public notice required under this section shall include:
990	C. I done Notice Content. Each public notice required under this section shall include.
1000	1. The type of application that is subject to the public hearing;
1001	1. The type of application that is subject to the public hearing,
1001	2. The approximate address of the property subject to the application;
1002	2. 110 approximate address of the property suggest to the approximations
1004	3. The date, time, and location of the public meeting, if required;
1005	
1006	4. Information on how to attend the meeting if the meeting is an electronic meeting; and
-	

1007	
1008	5. Instruction on how the public may find out more information about the application and how input
1009	may be submitted.
1010	<del></del>
1011	D. Timing of Notice: The notice of application shall indicate that no decision will be made within 14 days
1012	of the date of the notice.
1013	of the date of the notice.
1014	20.14.050: IDENTIFYING PROPERTY OWNERS TO BE NOTICED:
1014	All notices shall be mailed to the property owners of record identified in the city's GIS database for parcel
1015	ownership.
	ownership.
1017	20.14.060, NOTICING EDDODS.
1018	20.14.060: NOTICING ERRORS:  If the meticina recruitments of this chanter are not complied with the required notice shall be redone with
1019	If the noticing requirements of this chapter are not complied with, the required notice shall be redone with
1020	the error corrected and the timing of the notice restarted.
1021	40.4.4.0E0. CURRINARED DECRONCIDI E FOR ROCEINO OF REORIDEV
1022	20.14.070: SUBDIVIDER RESPONSIBLE FOR POSTING OF PROPERTY:
1023	The subdivider shall be responsible for any notice required by this chapter to be posted on the property.
1024	The posting shall be completed following the requirements of 21A.10.015.B.3.
1025	
1026	20.14.080: APPLICATIONS NOT REQUIRNG PUBLIC NOTICE:
1027	The following applications are not required to provide public notice:
1028	
1029	A. Lot line or parcel line adjustments; and
1030	
1031	B. Lot or parcel consolidations.
1032	
1033	20.16 Preliminary and Final Plats
1034	20.16.010: Purpose
1035	20.16.020 When Required
1036	20.16.030 Applications Entitled to Approval
1037	20.16.030 Timing of Public Notice
1038	20.16.040 City Review Process
1039	20.16.050 Preliminary Approval Standards
1040	20.16.060 Determination of Recordable Instrument
1041	20.16.070 Final Plat Review Process
1042	
1043	20.16.010: PURPOSE:
1044	The purpose of this chapter is to identify the required process and standards for reviewing and deciding
1045	applications to subdivide property. This section applies to any new or amended subdivision,
1046	condominium, or condominium conversion.
1047	condominant, or condominant conversion.
1047	20.16.020: WHEN REQUIRED:
1049	A preliminary subdivision application is required for any proposal to create lots or parcels on any land
1049	within the city. Preliminary subdivision applications are required for new or amended subdivisions, new
	or amended condominiums, and condominium conversions. All preliminary subdivision applications are
1051	subject to the provisions of this chapter.
1052	subject to the provisions of this chapter.
1053	20.16.030: SUBDIVIDER ENTITLED TO APPROVAL:
- 00	
1054	Any preliminary subdivision application that complies with all required standards shall be approved
1055	provided all process requirements identified in this code are followed. A preliminary subdivision that

1056	includes a planned development application shall only be approved subject to the approval of the planned
1057	development as required in Chapter 21A.55 Planned Developments.
1058	<u>20.16.040: PRE-SUBMITTAL MEETINGS: 56</u>
1059	An application may request a pre-submittal application for the preliminary subdivision application subject
1060	to the provisions of this section in accordance with Utah Code Section 10-9a-604.1. Feedback at the pre-
1061	submittal meeting is limited to the information provided by the applicant and is not considered binding.
1062	20.16.040: CITY REVIEW PROCESS: 57
1063	A. A preliminary subdivision application shall comply with Utah Code Chapter 10-9a Part 6. Any public
1064	notice required by this Title or Utah Code Chapter 10-9a shall be started after the application is
1065	considered complete.
1066	B. A subdivision application that includes closing or vacating a public street, alley, or other right of way
1067	or vacating an easement that the city has a right to shall be decided by the city council after receiving a
1068	recommendation from the planning commission. The process shall be in accordance with the
1069	requirements of Chapter 21A.10.58
1070	
1071	20.16.050: PRELIMINARY APPROVAL STANDARDS:
1072	A. Timing of Approval. At the conclusion of any review cycle where no further corrections or additional
1073	information is required, each city department shall indicate that the application is eligible for approval. If
1074	all the requirements of Chapter 20.14 have been satisfied, the application shall be approved upon finding
1075	it complies with all the applicable standards found in this section, Chapter 20.26, and applicable
1076	provisions of Utah Code Chapter 10-9a. For an application that does not comply with the applicable
1077	standards in this title, and the subdivider has not responded within 90 days from the date the subdivider
1078	was provided with an itemized, written notice of any deficiency or noncompliance with the standards of
1079	this title shall be sent by the city and the application may be denied by the planning director.
1080	B. Approval Standards <sup>59</sup>
1081	1. All preliminary subdivisions shall comply with the following standards:
1082	a. The preliminary plat map and associated documents include all information and is properly
1083	formatted as required by this Title;
J	
1084	b. The subdivision shall comply with all subdivision design standards or with approved
1085	modifications to the subdivision design standards in Chapter 20.26 of this Title;
1086	c. Water supply and sewage disposal including all offsite utility improvements, required
1087	easements and infrastructure upgrades <sup>60</sup> shall be satisfactory to the public utilities department
1088	director;

 $<sup>^{56}</sup>$  Based on recent state code changes. May also update to reference state code instead of repeat state code.

 $<sup>^{57}</sup>$  Updated preliminary process to comply with Utah Code in SB174 as adopted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Added by planning division.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> These are mostly new standards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Added by Public Utilities.

1089	d. The location and design of all water supply and sanitary sewer facilities are appropriately
1090	sized, connect to adequately sized infrastructure and found to be compliant with the adopted
1091	standards;
1000	The leasting and decision of during a classicate handle at any succession and successible
1092	e. The location and design of drainage elements to handle stormwater, ensure compliance with
1093	floodplain regulations, prevent erosion, and minimize formation of dust has been found to be
1094	compliant with adopted city standards and if applicable, Salt Lake County Flood Control and the
1095	<u>Utah Department of Environmental Quality;</u>
1096	f. The subdivision provides access and infrastructure necessary for firefighting equipment as
1097	required by the applicable fire code adopted by the city;
1098	g. The subdivision provides adequate easements and locations for all necessary utilities that are
1099	not provided by the city;
1100	h. All required dedications of land for streets, midblock walkways, alleys, parks, trails, and open
1101	space are provided for on the preliminary plat as indicated in the adopted general plan of the city
1102	or as agreed to as part of any land use approval or development agreement. Any exactions that are
1103	not agreed to as part of a land use approval or development agreement shall be roughly
1104	proportionate and directly related to the impact of the proposed subdivision; and
1105	i. The proposed subdivision will not create any injury or harm to any other property or persons.
1106	2. Condominiums: The following additional standards shall apply to all condominium conversions
1107	preliminary subdivisions:
·	
1108	a. The building official shall identify any improvements, repairs or replacements which must be
1109	made to bring the structure into compliance with applicable building codes prior to recording the
1110	final plat. The building official may require any existing code violations identified to be corrected
1111	prior to final approval; and
1112	b. Any existing nonconforming use or noncomplying structure that creates an immediate health or
1113	safety hazard to the public or future owners within the condominium has been brought into
	compliance with current standards or has been identified as a condition of approval to be
1114	
1115	addressed prior to the planning director signing the final plat.
1116	C. Effect of Approval. The effect of preliminary subdivision approval shall authorize the subdivider to
1117	prepare the final recording documents as required by this title.
1118	D. Approval Expiration. Preliminary approval shall expire 18 months from the date of preliminary
1119	approval unless a final plat has been submitted. If a final plat is not required, the required recording
1120	documents shall be submitted within 18 months from the date of preliminary approval. If the preliminary
	approval indicated that the subdivision will be divided into phases, the final plat for the first phase shall
1121	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1122	be submitted within 18 months. Future phases shall be subject to the phasing plan that was approved as
1123	part of the preliminary plat. 61
1124	20.16.060: RECORDABLE INSTRUMENT: 62

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> Added by Planning.<sup>62</sup> Updated to reflect state code.

1125	A. A final plat is required to be recorded for all subdivisions except those that contain fewer than 10 lots
1126	and when the subdivision of fewer than 10 lots does not include any of the following: new public
1127	improvements, dedications of land, easements, or amendments to any existing public street or alley.
1128	
1129	B. Subdivisions with fewer than 10 lots and when this title does not otherwise require a plat, may be
1130	recorded without a final plat as authorized under Utah Code Chapter 10-9a Part 6 or its successor.
1131	
1132	20.16.070: FINAL PLAT REVIEW PROCESS: 63
1133	A. After preliminary subdivision approval has been granted, the subdivider may submit all requirements
1134	for a final plat under Chapter 20.10. The final plat documents shall be consistent with the approved
1135	preliminary subdivision documents and shall be approved if it complies with applicable provisions of this
1136	title, matches the preliminary approval, includes all conditions of preliminary approval, and all applicable
1137	provisions of Utah Code Chapter 10.9a. All final plat applications shall be submitted within 18 months of
1138	preliminary approval except for:
1139	
1140	1. A subdivision that was indicated during preliminary approval to be phased; in which case the final
1141	plat shall be consistent with the phasing plan approved as part of the preliminary approval. Each
1142	phase shall require a separate final plat application; and
1143	
1144	2. Condominiums where the subdivider desires to complete the framing of the building to ensure the
1145	interior dimensions of the condominium as shown on the final plat are consistent with the built
1146	dimensions of the building. In this case, the final plat shall be submitted within 30 days of final
1147	framing inspection.
1148	
1149	B. City Review. City review processes and timelines shall be consistent with Utah Code Chapter
1150	10-9a, Part 6 or its successor.
1151	
1152	C. Subdivision Improvement Construction Agreement. The subdivider and the city shall finalize an
1153	agreement regarding the construction of all public improvements required or proposed as part of the
1154	subdivision. The agreement shall be finalized prior to the city engineer signing the final subdivision plat.
1155	
1156	D. The final plat to be recorded shall be on typical mylar material or the common material for plats at the
1157	time. The printing or reproduction process used shall not incur any shrinkage or distortions, and the
1158	reproduced copy furnished shall be of good quality, to true dimension, clear and readable, and in all
1159	respects comparable to the approved final <sup>64</sup> plat. The mylar plat shall be signed separately by all required
1160	and authorized parties and shall contain the information set forth in this chapter.
1161	E. Prior to the filing of the final plat with the mayor, the subdivider shall file the necessary tax
1162	lien certificates and documents.
1163	
1164	20.18 LOT AND PARCEL LINE ADJUSTMENTS 65
1165	20.18.010 Purpose
1166	20.18.020 Applicability
1167	20.18.030 Standards for Lot or Parcel Line Adjustments
1168	20.18.040 City Internal Review and Decision
1100	- VII VI VII I I VII I I I VII I I I I I

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> Updated existing process to follow new process in SB174.
<sup>64</sup> Engineering requested clarification regarding this being final or preliminary.
<sup>65</sup> Updated to match state code and improve approval standards.

1169	20.18.050 Recordable Instrument
1170	20.18.060 Expiration of Approval
1171	
1172	20.18.010: PURPOSE:
1173	The purpose of this chapter is to enable lot and parcel line adjustments to be considered and approved
1174	administratively by the planning director or designee.
1175	
1176	20.18.020: APPLICABILITY:
1177	This chapter applies to property line adjustments of existing adjoining parcels or lots that are described by
1178	either a metes and bounds description, a notice of subdivision approval, or a recorded plat.
1179	20.10.020, CTANDADDC EOD LOT OD DADCEL LINE ADHIETMENTS.
1180	20.18.030: STANDARDS FOR LOT OR PARCEL LINE ADJUSTMENTS:
1181	An application for a lot or parcel line adjustments shall result in lots or parcels that comply with the
1182 1183	following standards:
1184	A. Existing structures comply with all applicable regulations in Title 21A regarding lot size, lot width,
1185	and required setbacks unless modified through a planned development or when necessary to comply with
1186	a finalized development agreement;
1187	a imanzea development agreement,
1188	B. The resulting lots or parcels do not alter any existing easement unless the existing easements are
1189	included in the application for an adjustment. If the easement is shown on a recorded plat and is impacted
1190	by the proposed adjustment, a subdivision amendment is required;
1191	
1192	C. The proposed adjustment does not create any new or increase the amount of noncompliance with Title
1193	21A or does not result in a use expanding to a portion of a property where the use is not authorized in the
1194	applicable land use tables in 21A.33;
1195	
1196	D. The resulting adjustment will not result in more than one principal building on a single lot unless
1197	authorized by Title 21A;
1198	
1199	E. The resulting adjustment will not alter any public right of way; and
1200 1201	F. The resulting adjustment will not create any new lots or parcels.
1201	1. The resulting adjustment will not create any new lots of pareers.
1203	G. The proposed adjustment complies with the applicable standards in Sections 20.26.070 and 20.26.080.
1204	ON THE PROPOSED MAJ MENTION COMPANIES WITH MAY REPRESENTED TO MAKE TO A MAKE
1205	H. The proposed adjustment does not place the consolidated lot(s) into noncompliance with public utility
1206	requirements, such as meter standards, utility placement, shared facilities, and other adopted standards. 66
1207	
1208	
1209	20.18.040: CITY INTERNAL REVIEW AND DECISION:
1210	The planning director shall review the application for completeness and for compliance with the standards
1211	of review for this type of application. The planning director shall forward the lot line application to the
1212	city surveyor for review of the new legal descriptions. Upon review of the application, site plan and
1213	finding that the standards of review are complied with, the planning director shall approve the lot line
1214	adjustment. If the standards of review are not complied with, the planning director shall deny the
1215	application.
1216	20.18.050: RECORDABLE INSTRUMENT:
1217	20.10.030. RECORDADLE INSTRUMENT:

<sup>66</sup> Added by Public Utilities.

If the lot line adjustment is approved, the planning director shall provide the subdivider with a document approving the adjustment that includes the director's signature. The notice shall contain the descriptions of both the original parcels and the modified parcels as provided by the subdivider and approved by the city surveyor and state any conditions of approval. A document of conveyance shall be recorded by the subdivider, property owner, or their representative at the same time as the notice of approval with the Salt Lake County recorder's office. The lot line adjustment is not valid unless the document of conveyance is recorded.

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# **20.18.060: EXPIRATION OF APPROVAL:**

City approval for lot or parcel line adjustment is only valid upon recording of the approved deed or other recordable instrument, and any document of approval issued by the city shall clearly indicate the same.
 Furthermore, city approval shall expire 180 calendar days from the date the city document was notarized unless both the city approval document and the approved recordable instrument are recorded within that time.

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# 20.20 LOT AND PARCEL CONSOLIDATIONS 67

1234 **20.20.010 Purpose** 

20.20.020 Applicability

- 1236 **20.20.030 Standards for Lot or Parcel Consolidations**
- 1237 20.20.040 City Internal Review
- 1238 20.20.050 Recordable Instrument
- 1239 20.20.060 Expiration of Approval

1240

## 1241 **20.20.010: PURPOSE:**

The purpose of this chapter is to allow for the consolidation of adjacent parcels and/or subdivision lots.

1243 1244

## **20.20.020: APPLICABILITY:**

This section applies to adjacent lots or parcels, regardless of a lot or lots being part of a previously recorded subdivision. An application to consolidate parcels is not required when specifically exempt under Utah Code Section 10-9a-523.

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## 20.20.030: STANDARDS FOR LOT OR PARCEL CONSOLIDATIONS:

- For two or more adjacent lots or parcels to be consolidated into one lot, the following criteria shall be met:
- A. Compliance with all applicable zoning regulations including maximum lot size, if applicable; and

1253

1254 B. A lot consolidation cannot yield two principal buildings on one lot, unless permitted in the zoning district or by an approved planned development.

1256 1257

C. The proposed adjustment complies with the applicable standards in Sections 20.26.070 and 20.26.080.

1258

D. The proposed adjustment does not place the consolidated lot(s) into noncompliance with public utility requirements, such as meter standards, utility placement, shared facilities, and other adopted standards. 68

1261 1262 1263

## 20.20.040: CITY INTERNAL REVIEW:

<sup>68</sup> Added by Public Utilities.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 67}$  Updated to match state code and improve standards/process.

The planning director shall review the application for completeness and for compliance with the 1264 regulations of the zoning ordinance. Upon review of the application, the planning director may either 1265 1266 approve or deny the lot consolidation.

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#### **20.20.050: RECORDABLE INSTRUMENT:**

City approval of the consolidation shall be in the form of a notarized findings and order executed by the planning director and provided to the subdivider and/or owners. The findings and order shall specify, according to Section 20.20.060 of this chapter, the period after which city approval shall expire. If any portion of the consolidation includes land in a recorded subdivision, the subdivision name shall be referenced in the recording document. The subdivider shall record the approved recordable instrument and the associated findings and order in the office of the Salt Lake County recorder.

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## **20.20.060: EXPIRATION OF APPROVAL:**

City approval for lot consolidations is only valid upon recording of the approved deed or other recordable instrument, and any document of approval issued by the city shall clearly indicate the same. Furthermore, city approval shall expire 180 calendar days<sup>69</sup> from the date the city document was notarized unless both the city approval document and the approved recordable instrument for transferring property are recorded within that time.

1281 1282 1283

# 20.22 STREET DEDICATION PLATS 70

1284 **20.22.010** Purpose

20.22.020 Applicability 1285

1286 **20.22.030 Standards** 

20.22.040 City Internal Review 1287

20.22.050 Recordable Instrument

1288 1289 1290

1291

## **20.22.010: PURPOSE:**

The purpose of this section is to establish a process for dedicating streets that are not already dedicated for public use<sup>71</sup> and when no subdivision of land is proposed.

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## **20.22.020: APPLICABILITY:**

1295 This process may be used when:

A. Additional right of way for an existing road is proposed by the adjacent landowner;

1296 1297 1298

B. Additional right of way for an existing road is necessary to provide adequate width for public improvements when the public improvements are required as part of a land use application authorized under Title 21A or as a condition of approval for a land use application under Title 21A.

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C. A public street is proposed to access property that does not currently have access to a public street; or 1302

1303 1304

D. When a property owner is proposing to construct a public street or portion thereof on land that is currently not part of a public street.

1305 1306

1307 E. This process does not apply to the dedication of existing private streets unless the requirements of Chapter 14.54 have been satisfied and after the city has accepted a private street for donation to be a 1308 public street.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> Expiration date made the same for lot consolidations and lot line adjustments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> This is a new section.

<sup>71</sup> Clarification made by Engineering.

1310	
1311	F. A street dedication application shall be charged the same fee as a final plat.
1312	
1313	20.22.030: STANDARDS:
1314	A street dedication plat shall be subject to the following standards:
1315	
1316	A. The proposed street to be dedicated complies with all adopted standards for public streets that apply to
1317	the classification, size, or typology for the area, property, or land use identified in the general plan or the
1318	zoning map;
1319	
1320	B. Any pollution or harmful substance that is on the land or underground within the boundaries of the
1321	proposed street has been mitigated to the appropriate cleanup standards for the proposed land use 72 to
1322	reduce the liability of the city for mitigation;
1323	
1324	C. The proposed street does not negatively <sup>73</sup> impact any existing wetland, waterway, or steep slope;
1325	
1326	D. The proposed street does not create any new lots or result in any existing lot or parcel being separated
1327	or split by the proposed street. In this case, the street can only be dedicated through a subdivision plat;
1328	<u>and</u>
1329	
1330	E. The proposed street does not create parallel streets that are separated by less than 200 feet.
1331	
1332	20.22.040: CITY INTERNAL REVIEW:
1333	A. A street dedication plat shall be submitted to the planning division and reviewed by the necessary city
1334	departments who may be impacted by the proposed dedication.
1335	
1336	B. Each city department shall review the street dedication plat to determine if it complies with adopted
1337	regulations that apply to the width, construction, cross section, subdivision design standards applicable to
1338	public streets, public improvements, and any other applicable standard.
1339	
1340	C. After each city department has indicated that the street dedication plat complies with all applicable
1341	regulations, the subdivider shall prepare a final plat for recording the street dedication. The final plat shall
1342	comply with all requirements for final plats that relate to the dedication of public streets.
1343	
1344	D. A public improvement agreement is required for all street dedication plats that include any new public
1345	improvements or modifications to existing public infrastructure. 74
1346	
1347	20.22.050: RECORDABLE INSTRUMENT:
1348	The dedication of the street shall be recorded as a final plat, absent the creation of any new lots, and only
1349	having to comply with the subdivision design standards related to streets. The final plat shall comply with
1350	all the applicable requirements for preparation of a final plat. The plat shall not be recorded until the
1351	public improvement agreement has been finalized and agreed to by the applicant and the city.

 $<sup>^{72}</sup>$  Change made by Sustainability. This language should be updated if needed in response to the comment in Section 20.26.060.B.3.

<sup>73</sup> Change added by Public Utilities.74 Added by Engineering.

1354	20.26 SUBDIVISION STANDARDS 75
1355	20.26.010 Applicability
1356	20.26.020 Modification to Standards
1357	20.26.030 Standards for Utilities
1358	20.26.040 Standards for Flood Control
1359	20.26.050 Standards for Connectivity
1360	20.26.060 Standards for Street Design
1361	20.26.070 Standards for Natural Features
1362	20.26.080 Standards for Blocks
1363	20.26.090 Standards for Lots and Parcels
1364	2012 000) 0 S WII WII WI 101 2005 WIW 1 WI 4015
1365	20.26.010: APPLICABILITY:
1366	All subdivisions of land within Salt Lake City shall comply and conform with the standards and
1367	requirements as set forth and as referred to in this section.
1368	
1369	20.26.020: MODIFICATION TO STANDARDS:
1370	A subdivider may request a modification to a subdivision standard as provided for in this section.
1371	
1372	A. Authority to approve modifications. The authority to approve modifications to a subdivision design
1373	standard are as follows:
1374	
1375	1. Standards for Public Utilities and Flood Control: shall be determined by the director of public
1376	utilities based on the standards for approving modifications in Subsection B.
1377 1378	2. Standards for Connectivity and Street Design: Shall be determined by the transportation director
1379	based on the standards for approving modifications in Subsection B.
1380	cused on the standards for approving modifications in Subsection B.
1381	3. Standards for Natural Features, Blocks, and Lots and Parcels: Shall be determined by the planning
1382	director based on the standards for approving modifications in Subsection B. Modifications may also
1383	be considered as part of a planned development pursuant to 21A.55 Planned Developments when a
1384	subdivision is associated with a planned development application. However, a planned development
1385	may not be submitted when the only modification requested is a modification to a subdivision
1386	standard. <sup>76</sup>
1387	
1388	B. Standards for Approving Modifications. Any request for a modification shall be identified in the
1389	preliminary subdivision application or as a supplement to an application in response to city review comments and include evidence provided by the subdivider that the following standards are satisfied:
1390 1391	comments and include evidence provided by the subdivider that the following standards are satisfied.
1392	1. The proposed modification will not diminish the ability of the city to provide service to the
1393	properties within the subdivision;
1394	proportion with the second
1395	2. The proposed modification does not negatively impact any future city plans related to
1396	transportation or public utilities;
1397	
1398	3. The proposed modification complies with adopted engineering standards, or a different engineering
1399	standard endorsed by a professional organization that provides standards for public infrastructure and

 $<sup>^{75}</sup>$  Moved chapter 20.12 here, updated some standards, added some new standards, organized standards more clearly.

76 Clarification added by Planning.

1400	the authority identified in Paragraph A finds that the modified standard is substantially similar to the
1401	city adopted standard;
1402	
1403	4. The proposed modification does not jeopardize the integrity, structure, function, future needs,
1404	capacity, or purpose of any other public infrastructure; and
1405	
1406	5. The proposed modification does not result in a detrimental effect to nearby properties that may be
1407	caused by the proposed modification during the construction process. A detrimental effect includes:
1408	a. Dirt, rock, or other debris falling or being placed on adjacent property;
1409	b. Storm water, snow melt, or irrigation water flowing onto other property;
1410	c. A decrease in access to adjacent properties;
1411	d. Degradation of any public property or easement;
1412	e. Any impact that jeopardizes the health or safety of any person, structure, vegetation, or
1413	property.
1414	
1415	20.26.030: STANDARDS FOR UTILITIES: <sup>77</sup>
1416	All subdivisions and subdivision amendments shall comply with the requirements of this section. This
1417	section shall be administered by the director of public utilities.
1418	
1419	A. All water and sewer shall be provided through underground services and connections;
1420	
1421	B. Storm water may not use underground services and connections and shall be managed through surface
1422	flow, swales, retention basins or other similar methods for storm water management. 78
1423	
1424	C. All lots within the subdivision that are developable shall be provided with access to all required
1425	utilities by the subdivider with necessary and required easements shown on the plat;
1426	
1427	D. Easements for utility and drainage purposes shall be provided within the subdivision as required by the
1428	director of public utilities. However, in no event shall such an easement be less than five feet in width
1429	when proposed along the front lot line;
1430	
1431	E. Watercourses: The subdivider shall dedicate an easement for storm drainage conforming substantially
1432	with the lines of any natural watercourse or channel, stream, creek, or floodplain that enters or traverses
1433	the subdivision; and
1434	
1435	AC AC A AC CITAND A DDG FOR EV CON CONTINUE
1436	20.26.040: STANDARDS FOR FLOOD CONTROL:
1437	All subdivisions and subdivision amendments shall comply with the requirements of this section, any
1438	applicable requirements of Title 17, and the requirements of Title 18, Chapter 18.68 of this code. Any
1439	applicable state or federal requirement shall also apply. 79 This section shall be administered by the
1440	director of public utilities:
1441	
1442	A. The subdivision design shall be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage;
1443	
1444	B. Adequate drainage must be provided to reduce exposure to flood hazards;
1445	

<sup>77</sup> From existing code with some minor alterations to grammar and wording.
78 Change made by Public Utilities to separate storm water because it cannot use underground services.
79 Change made by Public Utilities.

1446	C. All public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems shall be located,
1447	elevated, or constructed to minimize or eliminate flood damage; and
1448	
1449	D. The subdivider shall dedicate an access easement for storm and flood management that provides
1450	adequate access to perform flood control within any river, stream, creek, or similar water way or
1451	<u>floodplain that enters or traverses the subdivision.</u> 80
1452	
1.450	20.27.050 CTANDADDC EOD CONNECTIVITY
1453	20.26.050 STANDARDS FOR CONNECTIVITY
1454	A subdivisions and subdivision amendments shall comply with the standards of this section. This section
1455	shall be administered by the transportation director unless otherwise indicated.
1456	A. The subdivision design shall conform to the pattern of major street as designated in the general plan or
1457	on the major street plan map of the city transportation master plan. Whenever a subdivision fronts on a
1458	street so designated or contains within the boundaries of the proposed subdivision a public street
1459	identified in the general plan, that street shall be platted and dedicated by the subdivider in the location
1459 1460	and width so indicated.
1400	and width so indicated.
1461	B. The street pattern in the subdivision shall be in general conformity with a plan for the most
1462	advantageous development of adjoining areas and the entire neighborhood or district. The following
1463	principles shall be observed:
1464	1. Where appropriate to the design and terrain, proposed streets shall be continuous and in
1465	alignment with existing planned or platted streets, or, if offset, streets shall be offset a minimum
1466	of 100' between centerlines of intersecting that are 50 feet or less in width and a minimum of 400
1467	between centerlines of intersecting streets that are wider than 50 feet;
1468	2. Where streets extend to the boundary of the property, resulting in dead end streets may be
1469	approved with a temporary turnaround of a minimum 45' radius. In all other cases, a permanent
	turnaround shall conform to specifications in Subsection G, "Turnaround", of this section or have
1470	a design otherwise approved by the transportation division;
1471	a design otherwise approved by the transportation division,
1472	3. Proposed streets shall intersect one another as nearly at right angles as topography and other
1473	limiting factors of good design permit. "T" intersections rather than "cross" intersections shall be
1474	used wherever possible for local streets; and
- 17 1	<u></u>
1475	C. The proposed subdivision shall include street connections to any streets that abut, are adjacent to, or
1476	terminate at the subdivision site. The proposed development shall also include street connections in the
1477	direction of all existing or planned streets adjacent to the development site as identified in the adopted
1478	general plan. Exceptions to this requirement include situations where the street connection would alter a
1479	drainage channel, natural feature, steep slope, utility easement that prohibits such a connection, or other
1480	legally existing restriction on the land that would prohibit the street connection.
1481	
1482	D. The proposed subdivision shall include streets that extend to the boundary of the subdivision and
1483	undeveloped or partially developed land that is adjacent to the subdivision. The streets shall be in
1484	locations that will enable adjoining properties to connect to the proposed subdivision street system when
1485	the streets are public. Exceptions to this requirement include situations where the adjacent land is
1486	separated from the development site by a drainage channel, natural feature, steep slope, utility easement

 $<sup>^{80}</sup>$  Need to clarify if this applies to canals. This was moved from another section of current subdivision code to here.

- that prohibits such a connection, or other legally existing restriction on the land that would prohibit the
   future development of the land.
  - E. The subdivider shall dedicate or grant an easement for pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure through the subdivision and connecting to similar infrastructure as required by this section:
    - 1. When in a right of way that is to be dedicated as part of the subdivision, the pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure shall comply with the adopted general plan related to pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure;
    - 2. When the general plan identifies a trailhead or connects to a trail on land that is within the proposed boundaries of the subdivision;
    - 3. When the general plan identifies public pedestrian or bicycle infrastructure abutting the proposed subdivision and connections to the pedestrian or bicycle infrastructure within the boundaries of the proposed subdivision are necessary to complete the pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure;
    - 4. When existing trails, sidewalks, walkways, bike path, or other infrastructure is located on land that is adjacent to the boundary of the proposed subdivision;
    - 5. When required by city code section 14.06; and
    - 6. Any required pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure required by this section shall be the minimum width necessary to provide the connection. The connection may be in the form of a dedication of land on the plat or as a public access easement. The area of the dedication or easement shall count towards the minimum lot areas of the adjacent lots as determined by the subdivider.
  - <u>F. Cul-De-Sacs: Cul-de-sacs are prohibited in new subdivisions or when new streets are proposed as part of a subdivision amendment except as provided in this section.</u>
    - 1. Physical conditions are present that prohibits development of a connecting street. A physical condition includes slopes over 30 degrees, the presence of a river, stream, wetland, or other body of water, upland wildlife habitat area, the boundary of an Open Space, Natural Open Space, or Foothill Protection zoning district, or other land identified in section C.1. If this condition is present, the subdivider may be required to provide a public access easement through the cul-de-sac to any public land where one of the physical conditions identified in this section exist;
    - 2. The land adjacent to the subdivision is already developed in a manner that makes it impracticable to connect the proposed subdivision to the existing streets; or
    - 3. When required by the applicable fire code.
  - G. Turnaround: If allowed cul-de-sacs in residential zoning districts should be no longer than 400' (measured from centerline of intersecting street to radius point of turnaround) and shall have a minimum of 45' curb radius. Cul-de-sacs in all other zoning districts should be no longer than 650' and should have a minimum of 60' curb radius. Other cul-de-sac lengths or turnaround configurations may be approved by the fire department and the transportation director 82.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>81</sup> Does this standard work in the Northwest Quadrant and M-1 zoning districts?

<sup>82</sup> Change made by Transportation.

# 20.26.060: STANDARDS FOR STREET DESIGN: 8384

The following minimum standards apply to all public streets<sup>85</sup> and design criteria shall apply unless deemed unwarranted by written recommendation of the city engineer and transportation division director. Said standards and criteria shall be supplemented by other applicable existing engineering and construction requirements and standards as specified by the city engineering and transportation divisions.

## A. General:

- 1. Where higher standards have not been established as specified in subsection A1 of this section, all streets shall be platted, designed, and constructed according to the principles outlined in the Transportation Division's Street and Intersection Typologies Design Guide and the design and constructions for public streets adopted by the city. Exceptions to the Street and Intersection Typologies Design Guide may be granted through a planned development subject to Chapter 21A.55 or by the transportation director based on the following standards:
  - a. The subdivision serves ten lots or less and justifies a narrower cross section than what is identified in the Street and Intersection Typologies Design Guide;
  - b. A different street design is warranted due to the slope, waterways, existing infrastructure, or other similar unique circumstance that doesn't generally exist on other properties within the same zoning district;
  - c. The adopted general plan establishes a different guide or standard for streets in the geographic area where the proposed subdivision is located; and
  - d. The subdivider provides an alternative cross section for a street that provides all of the required components identified in the guide but in a different arrangement that is consistent with the intent of the specific street type.
- B. Street Grades: Curves and sight distances shall be subject to approval by the city engineering division, to ensure proper drainage and safety for vehicles and pedestrians. The following principles and standards shall be observed:
  - 1. Grades of streets shall be not less than 0.5 percent and not greater than 7%;
  - 2. The maximum grade applies at the street centerline; and
  - 3. Short runs of steeper grades may be permitted if there are no objections from the fire department, transportation division, and city engineer.
- C. Vertical Alignment of Nonintersecting Streets: Transition curves over crests of hills shall be designed to provide both a smooth transition from upward movement to minimize potential roller coaster effect and to provide safe stopping sight distance at all times. The stopping sight distance is the distance required to safely stop a vehicle after viewing an object calculated on a formula set forth in standards adopted by the transportation division.

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<sup>83</sup> Straight from existing code

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>84</sup> Transportation Comments: need to develop standards for improvements along street frontages. Question whether there should be standards for private streets to comply with federal standards, like ADA.

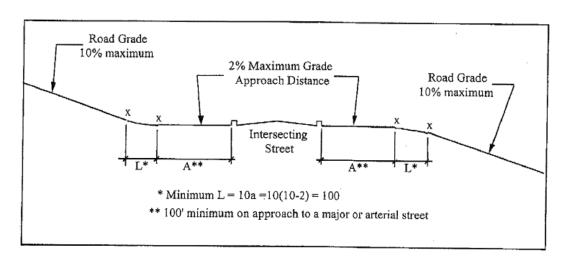
<sup>85</sup> Change made by Transportation.

- D. Vertical Alignment at Street Intersections: <sup>86</sup> Transition curves shall be required to provide a smooth transition from road grade to intersections. For an approach distance ("A") from each edge of the intersecting street line, the grade may not exceed 2%. The minimum length of the approaches ("A") and transition curves ("L") shall be calculated upon the formulas below:

- A = The minimum approach distance required where grade may not exceed 2% from the curb line of the intersecting street. Said distance of "A" shall be not less than 35 feet for intersections with local streets and not less than 100 feet for intersections with major or arterial streets.
- $\underline{L}$  = The minimum transition curve length required between points of tangency, "X", where  $\underline{L}$  =  $\underline{10}$ (a), "a" being the difference between the grade of the road less the grade of "A".

FIGURE 187

#### FIGURE 1



E. Intersection Site Distance: Intersections shall be planned and located to provide as much sight distance as possible. In achieving a safe road design, as a minimum, there shall be sufficient corner sight distance for the driver on the approach roadway to cross the intersecting street without requiring approaching traffic to reduce speed. Such corner sight distance is a field of vision which shall be measured from a point on the approach roadway at least 15' from the edge of the intersecting roadway pavement at a height of 3.5 feet on the approach roadway. The minimum corner sight distance for local streets (30 miles per hour design speed) shall be 350'. For collector streets (40 miles per hour design speed) the minimum corner sight distance shall be 450'.

F. Horizontal Alignment of Streets: In addition to the specific street design standards set forth above, horizontal alignment shall be subject to the following criteria:
1. Consistent with topography, alignments shall be as straight as possible;

2. Maximum curvatures shall be avoided whenever possible;

3. Consistent patterns of alignment shall be sought. Sharp curves at the end of long tangents or at the end of long flat curves shall be avoided;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> Has this been used at all in the past 20 years? Do we still need this section of code?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> Diagram needs to be updated to match text for maximum road grade from 10% to 7%.

1606 4. Short lengths of curves shall be avoided even for very small deflection angles; 1607 5. Flat curvatures shall be provided on long fills;  $\frac{88}{}$ 1608 1609 6. Compound circular curves with large differences in radii shall be avoided; 1610 1611 1612 7. Direct reverse curves shall be avoided; a tangent shall be used between them; 1613 8. "Broken back curves" (2 curves in the same direction on either side of a short tangent or large 1614 radius curve) shall be avoided; and 1615 1616 1617 9. To effectuate the above general criteria, the minimum curve centerline radii for local streets and 1618 collector streets shall be one hundred feet (100') and one hundred fifty feet (150'), respectively. The maximum allowable degree of curvature shall be twenty-three degrees (23°) for local streets and 12.5 1619 degrees for collector streets. 1620 1621 H. Street Lighting: Lighting shall comply with the policies and standards outlined in the Salt Lake City 1622 Street lighting master plan. 1623 1624 1625 I. Curb, Gutter, and Sidewalks: The following principles and standards shall apply to the design and 1626 installation of curbs, gutters, sidewalks, and pedestrianways. Low impact development standards may be substituted at the discretion of the engineering and transportation divisions, according to best practices as 1627 1628 determined by the public utilities department: 89 1629 1630 1. Vertical curbs and gutters as shown on the city's standard detail drawings shall be required in all subdivisions unless otherwise approved by the City Engineer and Transportation Director. The 1631 minimum gutter slope at a street intersection and at the crest and sag of vertical curves is 0.5%.; 1632 1633 2. Sidewalks shall be designed to comply with ADA Guidelines. Sidewalks are required on both 1634 sides of a street except when the transportation director authorizes an exception when a subdivision 1635 includes land that is in a manufacturing zone located west of I-215, BP Business Park zone located 1636 west of I-215, or E Extractive Industry zone. 90 1637 1638 3. Sidewalks shall normally be located within the street right of way and shall be required to be a 1639 minimum width as indicated in this subsection: 1640 (a). Four feet wide in residential zoning districts when adjacent to a park strip; 1641 1642 (b) Five feet wide in residential zoning districts when the sidewalk is directly adjacent to the back of 1643 (c) Six feet wide in commercial, manufacturing, downtown, and gateway districts unless specified 1644 otherwise in those districts; 1645

 $^{88}$  Does this need to be defined? In original code but there is no definition and Engineering suggests deleting it.

(d) Eight feet wide in the central business district, or;

(e) Ten feet wide along Main Street in the central business district.

8/7/2023

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>89</sup> Change made by Planning with input from other Departments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> Clarifying that sidewalks are required on both sides of the streets in most instances. Current code does not require it.

(f) The transportation director may require the subdivider to provide a pedestrian impact study to determine if additional width for a sidewalk is necessary based on the proportional impact the subdivision may have on the sidewalks within the subdivision;  $\frac{91}{2}$ 

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J. Protection Strips: Protection Strips: Where subdivision streets create frontage for contiguous property owned by others, the subdivider may, upon approval by the city engineer create a protection strip not less than one foot in width between said street and adjacent property, to be deeded into joint ownership between the city and subdivider. Such a lot requires an agreement from the subdivider contracting to deed to the owners of the contiguous property the one foot or larger protection strip lot for a consideration named in the agreement, such consideration to be not more than the cost of street improvements properly charged to the contiguous property as determined by the city engineering division in their estimate of cost of improvements for the subdivision. Jointly owned protection strip lots shall not be permitted at the end of or within the boundaries of a public street, or proposed street, or within an area, or abutting an area, intended for future public use.

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1669 1670 K. Traffic Report: New subdivisions have traffic impacts on existing street systems that may or may not be adverse in nature. The transportation director may require the subdivider to provide a detailed traffic report of the effects and impacts of the proposed development. This report shall detail the expected number of trips to be generated, the type of vehicles expected, and the times of day that the most severe impact can be expected. It shall also detail the effect on street capacity by the development, as well as nearby intersections that will be impacted by the development's traffic as may be designated by the transportation division director. Based on a review of the traffic impact study, the transportation division may require additional mitigations including street improvements and other multi-modal transportation enhancements. 92

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### 20.26.070: STANDARDS FOR NATURAL FEATURES:

All subdivisions and subdivision amendments shall comply with the provisions of this section. This section shall be administered by the planning director.

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A. Preservation of Natural Features: all subdivisions and subdivision amendments shall be designed to preserve the natural features of a site as follows:

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1. Rivers, streams and creeks shall not be piped or placed in any culvert or man-made channel;

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2. Wetlands shall be protected and buffered as required within the underlying zoning district or as identified in the general plan;

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3. Wooded areas within a subdivision shall be preserved. Lots that include wooded areas are allowed to exceed the maximum lot size of the underlying zoning district and may count towards any required landscaping, regardless of location of the wooded area or the required landscaped area;

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3. Wildlife habitat shall be preserved when the general plan identifies areas to be protected or Title 21A specifically requires protection of habitat or buffers from wildlife habitat. Area preserved as wildlife habitat may count towards the landscaping requirements of the underlying zoning district, regardless of the location of the wildlife habitat or the required landscaped area; and

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4. Natural features identified in this section shall be identified as undevelopable areas on the final plat. The size of the undevelopable area shall be determined by the general plan if the general plan

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> This section was changed by engineering to clarify it and make it easier to follow.

<sup>92</sup> Transportation added the last sentence.

provides an objective metric to determine the area to be protected or as required by Title 21A Zoning. If both the general plan and Title 21A include conflicting regulations regarding this provision, the smaller requirement shall take precedent. If the general plan or Title 21A Zoning does not provide a minimum requirement, the document that does indicate a minimum requirement shall take precedent.

B. Environmental Conditions of Land To Be Dedicated: Environmental Site Assessments (ESAs) and remediation must be conducted on any land that is to be dedicated to the public, as follows:

1. ESAs shall be performed in accordance with the most recent version of ASTM Standard E1527.

2. The City reserves the right to conduct ESAs using a city-contracted environmental consultant if needed to avoid legal liability, if there are concerns with the environmental work conducted to date, or other reasons as determined by the Director of Sustainability, other Department Directors as applicable, or their designees. 93

3. <u>If remediation is required to clean up the land to the appropriate land use standards, the remediation shall be completed prior to dedicating the land. <sup>94</sup></u>

4. <u>All ESAs and remediation reports shall be reviewed and approved by the Director of Sustainability, other Department Directors as applicable, or their designees.</u> 95

## 20.26.080: STANDARDS FOR BLOCKS:

1721 All subdivisions and subdivision amendments shall comply with the provisions of this section. This section shall be administered by the planning director.

A. Public Streets Required. All subdivisions shall include public streets as required by the adopted general plan of the city. The subdivision may include additional streets not identified in the general plan. Streets shall be used to create blocks that comply with this section. Local streets within a subdivision shall be public unless private streets are approved through a planned development in accordance with 21A.55.

B. Blocks shall be created by streets as required in the adopted general plan. For the purpose of this section, a midblock walkway identified in the general plan shall be considered a street for determining block size. Blocks shall be created by local streets as follows:

1. In zoning districts that allow residential uses, proposed streets that comply with the applicable street cross section in the Street and Intersection Typologies Design Guide are required when the proposed subdivision is over 5 acres in size unless the subdivision is approved as part of a planned development. For the purpose of this section, a residential use does not include a dwelling for a caretaker when allowed in zoning districts that do not allow other residential land uses. This section shall also apply to any lot/parcel line adjustment or lot/parcel consolidation; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>93</sup> This needs to be reviewed by city attorney's office to determine any legal risk. There may be some liability risk for not doing our own ESA and relying on applicants.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>94</sup> Need to figure out how to demonstrate this. Can we say according to DEQ requirements for remediation?

<sup>95</sup> Changes to B from Sustainability.

1741	2. In all other zoning districts, there is no maximum block size.
1742	
1743	20.26.090: STANDARDS FOR LOTS AND PARCELS:
1744	All subdivisions and subdivision amendments shall comply with the provisions of this section. This
1745	section shall be administered by the planning director.
1746	
1747	A. Frontage on Public Streets: all lots or parcels shall have frontage on a public street and the frontage
1748	shall comply with the minimum lot width requirements of the underlying zoning district. This standard is
1749	not applicable if Title 21A Zoning allows lots or parcels without street frontage. This provision may be
1750	modified as part of a planned development in accordance with chapter 21A.55. Access that crosses
1751	multiple lots shall include appropriate cross access easements.
1752	D. Duildahla Arassi all subdivisions shall result in lets or percels that provide a prestically sized buildahla
1753	B. Buildable Areas: all subdivisions shall result in lots or parcels that provide a practically sized buildable area except for lots or parcels that are:
1754 1755	1. Identified as undevelopable on a subdivision plat;
1756	2. Identified as a public park or open space;
1757	3. Identified as a protection strip intended to prevent access across property provided the protection
1758	strip complies with the standards of this Title; or
1759	4. Intended to be used for public infrastructure.
1760	
1761	C. Minimum Lot or Parcel Size: All lots or parcels shall comply with the minimum lot size and lot width
1762	required within the applicable zoning district or overlay district in Title 21A.
1763	
1764	D. Lot or Parcel Shape: all lots and parcels shall generally be rectangular in shape except when one of the
1765	following conditions exist:
1766	
1767	1. The lot or parcel shares a property line with a lot or parcel that is not part of the subject subdivision
1768	and that property line is curved, angled, or has multiple angles along the length of the property line;
1769	2. The let on mercel has fronteed on a multiprient of very an universe street and the houndary of the
1770	2. The lot or parcel has frontage on a public right of way or private street and the boundary of the public right of way or private street is curved, angled, or has multiple angles along the length of the
1771	boundary. Side property lines shall be approximately at right angles or radial to the street line;
1772 1773	boundary. Side property lines shall be approximately at right angles of radial to the street line,
1774	3. The property line follows a natural feature that includes a water way, slope over 30 degrees,
1775	rockfall area, wetland, ridge line, or other natural area that necessitates a different shape lot;
-776 1776	
1777	4. This standard does not apply when:
1778	
1779	a. the shape is approved as part of a planned development;
1780	
1781	b. the lot or parcel is a flag lot; or
1782	
1783	c. the lot or parcel is in a special purpose zoning district other than MU.
1784	Me let et puivet le mi wepetim puipeet zeming weinet emit municipe
1785	E. Double Frontage Lots: Double frontage lots are prohibited in subdivisions located in residential zoning
1786	districts.
1787	
1788	F. Developable Area Limitation on Steep Slopes. The applicant shall provide a slope classification map
1789	with any subdivision application when the subdivision is in any foothill zoning district or open space

1790

zoning district. The slope classification map shall use a "ten-foot averaging" to determine the locations of

any slope that exceeds 30%. All slopes that are 30% or greater shall be considered significant steep slopes 1791 and are undevelopable. This section shall also apply to zoning map amendments that propose changing 1792 1793 the zoning from a foothill zoning district to any other zoning district. 1794 1. All areas of significant steep slope shall be identified as "undevelopable area" on the plat. A legal 1795 description of the undevelopable area shall also be included on the plat; 1796 1797 2. The boundary line of the undevelopable area shall be identified as a "transition area" on the plat. 1798 1799 The transition area shall be a minimum of 10 feet; 1800 2. Undevelopable areas shall be protected from subsequent alteration or encroachment by an open 1801 space preservation easement granted to Salt Lake City on the subdivision plat; 1802 1803 3. Grading, landscaping, construction activities, streets (public or private) and other disturbances of 1804 the land are prohibited within the portions of the plat designated as an undevelopable area except as 1805 follows: 1806 1807 a. Any construction activity necessary to provide utility access to the lot when the undevelopable 1808 area is located between the street and the developable area on a lot and there is no other legally 1809 1810 existing location to construct the necessary public utilities. Any excavation and grading work necessary to construct necessary utilities shall be the minimum necessary and any disturbance 1811 1812 shall be returned to its natural condition; 1813 b. Any driveway or walkway and associated retaining walls necessary to provide access to the 1814 1815 building area when the undevelopable area is located between the street and the developable area 1816 and there is no other legally existing location to construct the driveway, walkway, and associated retaining walls. No driveway that qualifies for this exception may exceed 15 feet in width and no 1817 walkway may exceed 6 feet in width. All retaining walls shall comply with the applicable 1818 provisions for retaining walls found in Title 21A; 1819 1820 c. Exceptions listed in subsection a, and b, shall occupy the same space unless the engineering 1821 specifications for either requires a different location. The preference of the subdivider or property 1822 1823 owner is not a valid reason to allow separate locations; or 1824 1825 d. Modifications to landscaping when necessary to comply with requirements or guidelines for 1826 vegetation in wildfire interface zones as recommended by a government agency. 1827 1828 4. A lot that has undevelopable area within its boundaries is allowed to exceed the maximum lot size in the underlying zone without a planned development and without needing to comply with the 1829 provisions in Title 21A for exceeding maximum lot size provided: 1830 1831 1832 a. The parcel has a minimum of one thousand five hundred (1,500) square feet of net buildable area. The net buildable area shall not include any areas of thirty percent (30%) or greater slope or 1833 the required zoning setbacks or the portion of the transitional area<sup>96</sup> that is required that lies 1834 1835 within the required ten foot (10') minimum setback or twenty foot (20') average setback from the proposed development limit line, as defined by the Salt Lake City zoning ordinance; 1836 96 From Planning: the transition area needs to be defined and determined when it is required. It is too

vague right now to determine.

1871	20.30.010 Appeal Authority
1870	20.30 APPEALS <sup>98</sup>
1869	
1868	
1867	adjustment, or consolidation.
1866	4. The existing lot or parcel is proposed to be modified through a lot line adjustment, parcel boundary
1865	
1864	3. The property is within an existing subdivision and the proposal is a subdivision amendment; or
1863	
1862	by the planning director, make compliance with these provisions physically infeasible;
1861	2. Where unusual topographic, environmental, soil, and similar conditions exist that, as determined
1860	
1859	that does not make it practical for the lots to comply with this requirement;
1858	1. The land that is proposed to be subdivided is along an existing street that is oriented in a manner
1857	==== parties and p
1856	Exceptions to this provision may be made by the planning director when:
1855	line oriented towards the south to accommodate future solar panel installations on the property.
1854	single-family dwelling units are planned for construction, shall be oriented with the longest dimension lot
1853	least fifty percent (50%) of lots less than fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet, upon which detached
1852	G. Solar Oriented Lots: For subdivisions with twenty five (25) or more single-family residential lots at
1851	not be used for any construction activity, staging, of storage during the construction process.
1850	not be used for any construction activity, staging, or storage during the construction process."
1849	building or structure and additions to any existing building or structure. The undevelopable area shall
1848	be shown on all building permits when the building permit includes the construction of any new
1847	existing buildings or structures: "The developable area limitations and all undevelopable areas shall
1846	steep slopes shall be shown on all building permits for new buildings or structures and additions to
1845	5. The plat shall include the following language to indicate that the developable area limitation on
1844	<del></del>
1843	slope areas; and 97

b. The parcel has city sewer and water services that are located or can be extended to access the

c. The applicant must present a construction plan, acceptable to the city, which demonstrates the ability to manage staging for construction in a manner that will not impact transitional or steep

A. Appeals of any final decision made under this Title shall be subject to the requirements of this chapter.

appeal that decision to the appeal hearing officer by alleging that there is error in any order, requirement,

decision, or determination made by the land use authority who made the final decision. All appeals shall be based on the record and subject to the appeal process established in Chapter 21A.16. An appeal filed

B. Appeal of Final Decision. The applicant, a board or officer of the municipality, or an adversely affected party may, within 10 days of a final decision regarding a preliminary subdivision application,

20.30.020 Appeal Procedures

**20.30.010: APPEAL AUTHORITY:** 

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lot directly from the street; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>97</sup> This is an application requirement, but need to determine if it applies here, part of public improvement plans, or at time of construction (in which case it needs to be in Title 18).

<sup>98</sup> From section 20.48 and updated to match state code

under this section does not require a public hearing with the appeals hearing officer. A final decision that
 involves approving the recordable instrument cannot be appealed.

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C. Appeal of decision regarding subdivision improvement plans. Any dispute between the city and the subdivider shall be conducted in accordance with Utah Code Section 10-9a-508(5) or its successor. Appeals under this section are limited in accordance to Utah Code Section 10-91-508(5).

1887 1888

D. Appeal of a residential roadway standard. Any appeal related to Utah Code Section 10-9a-508(5) or its successor is subject to the specific appeal requirements of that section. Any appeal filed under this section shall comply with the appeal application and fee process required by this chapter.

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# 20.30.020: APPEAL PROCEDURES:

A. All appeals shall be filed within 10 days of the final decision on an application provided by the city and following the submittal process required by the city for filing an application.

1896 1897 1898

B. Any appeal of a subdivision approval shall be based on the record of approval. A public hearing is not required for an appeal and no additional information may be presented by the appellant that was not made available to the land use authority prior to the final decision.

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C. The process for filing an appeal, except as indicated in this chapter, shall be the same as the process outlined in Chapter 21A.16. If Utah Code provides an appeal process that differs from this chapter, Utah Code shall be followed.

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1907

1908

## 20.40 ENFORCEMENT<sup>99</sup>

- 1909 20.40.010 Unlawful Acts Involving Sale or Lease of Property
- 1910 **20.40.020 City Engineer to Enforce Subdivision Design Standards**
- 1911 **20.40.030** Violation and Penalty
- 1912 20.40.040 Issuing a Certificate of Occupancy
- 1913 20.40.050 Illegal Subdivisions, Consolidations, and Adjustments
- **20.40.060 Civil Penalties**

1915 1916

## 20.40.010: UNLAWFUL ACTS INVOLVING SALE OR LEASE OF PROPERTY:

- 1917 A. No person shall offer to sell, contract to sell, sell, deed, or convey any property contrary to the provisions of this title.
  - B. The city, in addition to any other remedy provided by law, may seek to prevent any remedy or violation of this chapter which has occurred or is about to occur by instituting a proceeding for an injunction, mandamus, abatement or any other appropriate action.
  - C. The city may enforce the provisions of this chapter by refusing to issue building permits.

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1920 1921

## 20.40.020: CITY ENGINEER TO ENFORCE SUBDIVISION DESIGN STANDARDS: 100

- The city engineering division will have responsibility for inspection and enforcement of subdivision
- design standards and requirements of this chapter. When it is found by inspection that conditions are not
- 1927 <u>substantial as stated or shown in the approved subdivision plans, the city engineering division shall stop</u>
- 1928 <u>further work until approval is obtained for an amended subdivision plan.</u>

<sup>-</sup>

<sup>99</sup> This is current section 20.52, with some changes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>100</sup> This is moved from subdivision design standards section 20.12 to here.

1929	
1930	20.40.030: VIOLATION AND PENALTY:
1931	It shall be unlawful for any person to fail to comply with the provisions of this chapter, and
1932	failure to comply with the provisions of this chapter shall constitute a class C misdemeanor.
1933	
1934	20.40.040: ISSUING A CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY: 101
1935	The building official may withhold the issuance of certificate of occupancy for any building
1936	within a subdivision if the subdivider or designee violates any provision of this chapter and fails
1937	to correct the violation to the satisfaction of the city engineer.
1938	
1939	20.40.050: ILLEGAL SUBDIVISIONS, CONSOLIDATIONS, AND ADJUSTMENTS:
1940	Any subdivision, consolidation, or adjustment to land that is not authorized and approved under
1941	this title or Utah Code shall not be recognized by the city and no future land use approval or
1942	building permit shall be issued until the subdivision, consolidation, or adjustment complies with
1943	the requirements of this title and is approved by the city.
1944	
1945	20.40.060: CIVIL PENALTIES:
1946	Any violations of the provisions of this chapter shall subject the violator to a civil penalty in the
1947	following amounts:
1948	A. \$200.00 per day of the violation if the violation occurs in FR-1, FR-2, or FR-3 districts as
1949	listed in Title 21A.
1950	B. \$100.00 per day of the violation for any other violation.
1951	20 50 DEFINITIONS
1952	20.50 DEFINITIONS
1953	20.50.010 Definitions Generally
1954	20.50.020 Definition of Terms
1955	20.50.010 DEFINITIONS GENERALLY: 102
1956 1957	Terms used within this title shall be defined as indicated. Terms defined in Utah Code Section 10-9a-103
1958	shall take precedent. Terms not defined in Utah Code shall be as defined in this section. Terms not
1959	defined in Utah Code Chapter 10-9a or in this section shall be as defined in Title 21A. Any words that
1960	remain undefined shall be defined as stated in Miriam-Webster Online Dictionary.
1961	
1962	20.50.020: DEFINITION OF TERMS: 103
1963	
1964	ALLEY: A public or private right of way within a block primarily intended for service and access to
1965	abutting property by vehicles and not designated for general travel. 104
1966	ADA, American with Dischilities Act
1967	ADA: American with Disabilities Act

APPLICATION: A form provided by the zoning administrator that is required to initiate a process

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identified by this chapter.

1968

1969

 $<sup>^{101}</sup>$  This is a new section to provide more teeth to enforcing.  $^{102}$  This is updated to add state code and title 21A instead of duplicating definitions in city code.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>103</sup> This includes new definitions and updates to existing.
<sup>104</sup> This is different than how alley is defined in zoning. We should not have differing definitions for the same terms. This definition works better for subdivisions than the zoning definition.

1972	ARTERIAL STREET: A street that facilitates through traffic movement over relatively long distances		
1973	such as from one end of the city to the other. Arterials are generally multilane streets carrying high traffic		
1974	volumes at relatively high-speed limits. These are commuter streets and sometimes offer controlled access		
1975	to abutting property, and curbside parking may be restricted or prohibited. Arterial streets are designated		
1976	as such on the major street plan map of the transportation master plan.		
1977			
1978	BICYCLE INFRASTRUCTURE: Public facilities intended to support the use of a bicycle or similar		
1979	vehicles which may include, but is not limited to, paved ramps, paths, bridges, bicycle storage facilities,		
	trails, and the accessory structures necessary to support the facilities.		
1980	trans, and the accessory structures necessary to support the facilities.		
1981			
1982	BLOCK: An area of land within a subdivision entirely bounded by streets (other than alleys), freeways,		
1983	railroad rights of way, natural barriers, or the exterior boundaries of the subdivision and other types of		
1984	rights of way identified by this chapter. 105		
1985			
1986	BUILDABLE AREA: That portion of the lot remaining after required yards have been provided and after		
1987	the limitations of any pertinent environmental regulations have been applied. Buildings may be placed in		
1988	any part of the buildable area subject to complying with other applicable standards.		
1989	any part of the ouncate area subject to complying with other applicable standards.		
1909	CITY ATTORNEY: The Salt Lake City attorney or designee.		
	CITT ATTORIVET. The Sait Lake City attorney of designee.		
1991			
1992	CITY COUNCIL: The legislative body of Salt Lake City.		
1993			
1994	CITY ENGINEER: The Salt Lake City engineer or designee.		
1995			
1996	CITY RECORDER: The Salt Lake City recorder or designee.		
1997			
1998	COLLECTOR STREET: A street that provides the connection between arterial and local streets.		
1999	Collector streets can be multilane, but they are meant to carry less traffic at lower speeds and for shorter		
2000	distances than arterial streets. They provide direct access to abutting property and carry a mix of local and		
2001	commuter traffic headed for nearby destinations. Collector streets are identified as such on the major		
	street plan map of the transportation master plan.		
2002	street plan map of the transportation master plan.		
2003			
2004	CONDOMINIUM: A property or portions thereof conforming to the definition set forth in Utah Code		
2005	Section 57-8-3 or its successor.		
2006			
2007	CONDOMINIUM CONVERSION: The process of converting an existing building(s) into a		
2008	condominium.		
2009			
2010	CONDOMINIUM DECLARATION: As defined in Utah Code Section 57-8-3, or its successor.		
2011	COMPONITY OF THE SECOND OF THE		
2012	CONSERVATION EASEMENT: legal agreement that restricts uses of the land to protect the land for		
2013	conservation purposes.		
2014	CONICOLIDATION TILL A C. 1111 A . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1		
2015	CONSOLIDATION: The act of combining two or more lot or parcels into one lot or parcel.		
2016			
2017	CONTOUR LINE: A line on a map joining points of equal elevation as measured from sea level.		
2018			
2019	COUNTY RECORDER: The Salt Lake County Recorder or designee.		
2020			

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 105}$  Zoning definition: an area bounded by a public alley or street on all sides. Keep these consistent.

2021	CUL-DE-SAC: A local street open at only one end which has a turnaround for vehicles at the closed end.
<ul><li>2022</li><li>2023</li><li>2024</li></ul>	DEDICATION: The act of converting private land to public land.
2025 2026	DEED A signed document that contains and describes the legal transfer of property.
2027 2028 2029	DEED RESTRICTION: A signed document recorded against the title of a property that limits the use of the property.
2030 2031 2032 2033	DEVELOPMENT LIMIT LINE: A legally described line, determined by the planning commission or its designee and shown on the final subdivision plat, which defines the boundary between developable and undevelopable areas. This line may be identified with different terms, such as nonbuildable area line, on existing recorded plats.
2034 2035 2036	DOUBLE FRONTAGE LOT: a lot that has frontages on two different streets where the streets do not intersect adjacent to the property. This term shall also apply to double frontage parcels.
2037 2038 2039	DRIVEWAY: A way or route for use by a vehicle leading from a parking area or from a house, garage, or other structure to a road or street.
2040 2041 2042 2043	EASEMENT: An interest in land owned by another that entitles its holder to a specific limited use or enjoyment.
2044 2045 2046 2047	ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION: the cleanup of pollution or contaminants from the environment to the standards appropriate for the proposed land use, including the soil, groundwater, surface water, or air. 106
2048 2049 2050	EXCAVATION: Any act by which vegetation, earth, sand, gravel, rock, or any other similar material is cut into, dug, quarried, uncovered, removed, displaced, relocated, or bulldozed, and shall include the conditions resulting therefrom.
2051 2052 2053 2054 2055	FINAL SUBDIVISION PLAT: A map of real property in the form of lands and/or building units being laid out and prepared in accordance with the provisions of Titles 10, 17, or 57, Utah Code or its successor, and of this title, designed to be placed on record in the office of the Salt Lake County recorder.
2056 2057	FOOTHILL SUBDIVISION: A subdivision of property located within the FP Foothills Protection District or the FR-1/43,560, FR-2/21,780, or FR-3/12,000 Districts.
2058 2059 2060	FREEWAY: Routes, typically divided arterial highways, provide for rapid movement of large volumes of vehicles between urban areas. No local access to individual sites is provided.
2061 2062 2063	GENERAL PLAN: Land use planning document(s) adopted by the Salt Lake City Council in accordance with the provisions of Utah Code Chapter 10-9a, Part 4 and defined in Title 19 General Plan.
2064 2065 2066	GRADING: Excavation or fill or any combination thereof that alters the elevation of the terrain and shall include the conditions resulting from any excavation or fill.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 106}$  Change made by Sustainability.

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2067 2068	GRADING PLAN: a plan that shows the extent of all grading activity that is proposed to occur within the boundaries of a subdivision or on a lot or parcel.
2069 2070	INTERSECTION: The place at which two or more streets meet.
2071 2072 2073	LEGAL DESCRIPTION: The written description of a lot or parcel. The legal description may be metes and bounds, a lot number or combination of lot numbers when located within a subdivision recorded by
2074 2075	plat, or other lawful description of land that is recorded with the county recorder's office.
2076 2077	LOCAL STREET: A street which provides direct access to and from abutting properties they serve. Local streets are usually relatively narrow and meant to carry traffic over short distances and at low speeds.
2078 2079 2080	LOT: A tract of land, regardless of any label, that is created by and shown on a subdivision plat that has been recorded in the office of the county recorder.
2081 2082 2083 2084	LOT LINE ADJUSTMENT: The relocation of the property boundary lines, with the consent of the owners of record as required by this title, between adjoining lots or parcels that are described by either a metes and bounds description or a recorded plat.
2085 2086 2087	MIDBLOCK WALKWAY: A pedestrian walkway that provides access through a block. 107
2088 2089	NONCOMPLIANCE: The result of an action that does not comply with a requirement of this title 108.
2090 2091 2092	NOTICE OF APPLICATION: A public notice sent to property owners or tenants within a specified distance of a property that is subject of a land use application that is intended to provide information about a proposed application authorized by this title. 109
2093 2094 2095 2096	NOTICE OF SUBDIVISION APPROVAL FOR 10 LOTS OR LESS: A document that is recorded with the Salt Lake County Recorder's Office that indicates the approval of a subdivision of 10 lots or fewer as authorized by this title.
2097 2098 2099	PARCEL: Any unit of real property that is not a lot.
2100 2101 2102	PEDESTRIAN INFRASTRUCTURE <sup>110</sup> : Public facilities intended to support the movement of people in a safe, inclusive, and protected space separated from automobiles. This may include, but is not limited to paved ramps, sidewalks, paths, bridges, trails, street crossings, and the accessory structures necessary to
2103 2104	support the facilities.
2105 2106 2107	PHASE ONE ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT: A report that identifies potential or existing environmental contamination that impacts or may impact land.
2108 2109	PLANNING COMMISSION: The Salt Lake City planning commission.

PLANNING DIRECTOR: The director of the Salt Lake City Planning Division or designee.

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<sup>107</sup> This should be in zoning where it is more applicable.
108 This conflicts with other use of noncompliance. Figure out how to address this term.
109 Make consistent with term in zoning code.
110 Consider using "pedestrian connection" as defined in zoning code.

2112	PREAPPLICATION MEETING: A meeting between a subdivider and various city representatives where	
2113	initial subdivision applications, process, and regulations are discussed.	
2114	**	
2115	PRELIMINARY PLAT MAP: A plat showing the design of a proposed subdivision and the existing	
2116	conditions in and around the subdivision. It need not be based upon a detailed final survey of the property,	
2117	except as provided in Chapter 20.16 of this title.	
2118		
2119	PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL REPORT: A report that describes the general topography and	
2120	geology of land which includes subsurface conditions and that is intended to provide information about	
2121	the structural needs of future development based on the soil characteristics <sup>111</sup> .	
2122		
2123	PRELIMINARY SUBDIVISION: The first phase of the subdivision approval process that precedes final	
2124	subdivision.	
2125		
2126	PROPERTY REPORT: A report that analyzes all structures, building systems, and infrastructure on a	
2127	property that is proposed to be converted to a condominium. The report includes information about the	
2128	status, age, anticipated future maintenance needs, and other issues associated with the property and is	
2129	intended to be disclosed to future purchasers of units within a condominium.	
2130		
2131	PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT: An infrastructure improvement required by this title	
2132	that is intended to be dedicated or granted for public use.	
2133		
2134	PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT CONSTRUCTION AGREEMENT: An agreement between the city and the	
2135	subdivider to construct any public infrastructure required by this title.	
2136		
2137	PRIVATE STREET: A street that is not dedicated for public use by a legally binding document.	
2138		
2139	RECORDABLE INSTRUMENT: The documents that are used to document the approval of any	
2140	application required by this title and recorded with the Salt Lake County Recorder's office.	
2141	DECORDED NATE AND A LANGE AND	
2142	RECORDED PLAT: a subdivision plat that has been recorded with the Salt Lake County Recorder's	
2143	office.	
2144	DECIDENTIAL LANDLICE, a minerical variation of the land for minerial manifestation and dential management	
2145	RESIDENTIAL LAND USE: a principal use of the land for primarily residential purposes.	
2146	RESIDENTIAL ROADWAY: As defined in Utah Code Section 10-9a-103.	
2147 2148	RESIDENTIAL ROAD WAT. AS defined in Otali Code Section 10-9a-103.	
2140 2149	RETAINING WALLA structure that is used to hold earth in place.	
2149 2150	NETAINING WALLA structure that is used to hold earth in place.	
2150	REVIEW CYCLE: A subdivision review process defined in Utah Code Section 10-9a.604.2	
2152	ALVIEW CICEL. A subdivision review process defined in Otan Code Section 10-7a.004.2	
2153	SECURITY DEVICE: Any of the following, in a form acceptable to the city attorney, which secures the	
2154	performance of the subdivider's obligations under the improvement agreement: a) a separate payment	
2155	bond and a separate performance bond provided by a corporate surety company; b) a cash bond or escrow	
2156	agreement; or c) a letter of credit.	
2157	<del></del>	
2158	SIGNIFICANT STEEP SLOPE: An area of thirty percent (30%) or greater slope, as determined using	
2159	ten-foot (10') averaging, which is intended to be protected from development or other disturbance.	
2160	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny 111}}$  Update this title to use this term throughout. Existing code mixes terminology.

2161 SITE: A lot or parcel of land, or a contiguous combination thereof, where grading work is performed as a single unified operation.

SITE PREPARATION: Grading and underground utility installation in preparation for an approved, pending development.

SLOPE: The slant of the earth within a lot or parcel or other defined area of land.

SLOPE CLASSIFICATION MAP: A map prepared as a colored exhibit by a registered professional engineer or land surveyor based upon a contour map of the specified scale and contour interval, upon which the measured and calculated percent of slope (measured between every contour interval on the map) is classified or grouped into percentage of slope data in 10% slope groupings as follows:

Slope Classification	Percent Of Slope	Mapped Color
<u>Level</u>	0 - 9.9%	<u>Uncolored</u>
Slight	<u>10 - 19.9%</u>	Yellow
<u>Moderate</u>	20 - 29.9%	Orange
Severe	30% and greater	Red

SOILS ENGINEER: A registered civil engineer of the state of Utah, specializing in soil mechanics and foundation engineering, familiar with the application of principles of soil mechanics in the investigation and analysis of the engineering properties of earth materials.

#### SOLAR ORIENTED LOT:

A. A lot with a front line oriented to within 30° of a true east-west line. When the lot line abutting a street is curved, the "front lot line" shall mean, for the purposes of this definition, the straight-line connecting ends of the curve. For a flag lot, the "front lot line" shall mean the lot line that is most parallel to the closest street, excluding the pole portion of the flag lot; or

B. A lot that, when a straight line is drawn from a point midway between the side lot lines at the required front yard setback to a point midway between the side lot lines at the required rear yard setback, is oriented to within 30° of true north along such line; or

 C. A corner lot with a south lot line oriented to within 30° of a true east-west line, where the south lot line adjoins a public street or open space and the abutting street right of way or open space has a minimum north-south dimension of at least 50'. For purposes of this definition, "open space" shall include, without limitation, parks, cemeteries, golf courses and similar outdoor recreation areas, drainage ditches and ponds, irrigation ditches and reservoirs, lakes, ponds, wetlands, open spaces reserved for use of residents of the development, and other similar open space.

SPECIAL NATURAL TOPOGRAPHIC FEATURE: A naturally occurring feature which is determined to be unique among similar features of its kind (i.e., rock formation, water feature) or has historical associations (e.g., Ensign Peak). 112

STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: All the specific requirements and standard detailed drawings adopted, utilized, and administered by the responsible city departments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>112</sup> Update this term to match the terminology in subdivision design standards.

- 2201 STREET: A public or private vehicular way, between property or boundary lines and including parking, sidewalks, and gutters, that may also serve for all or part of its width as a way for pedestrian traffic, 2202 2203 whether called street, highway, thoroughfare, parkway, throughway, road, avenue, boulevard, lane, place, 2204 alley, mall or otherwise designated. 2205 2206 STREET DEDICATION PLAT: A plat that is used to dedicate streets for public use but does not create any additional lots. A street dedication plat cannot be used when the land to be dedicated is part of an 2207 2208 existing subdivision. 2209 2210 SUBDIVIDER: Any person, firm, corporation, partnership, or association who causes land to be divided into a subdivision. 2211 2212 SUBDIVISION: Any land that is divided, resubdivided or proposed to be divided into two (2) or more 2213 lots, parcels, sites, units, plots, or other division of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, for 2214 offer, sale, lease, or development. For purposes of this chapter, "subdivision" includes: 2215 A. The division or development of land whether by deed, metes and bounds description, devise and 2216 testacy, lease, map, plat, or other recorded instruments, for all residential and nonresidential uses; and 2217 2218 B. Any condominium project which involves dedication of real property to the ownership and use of the public. 2219 2220 SUBDIVISION AMENDMENT INVOLVING STREETS: An application that includes a proposed 2221 change to any subdivision for which a subdivision plat has been previously approved and recorded and 2222 2223 which proposes to vacate all or a portion of any of the dedicated public streets, rights of way, or easements of the original subdivision plat. 2224 2225 SUBDIVISION AMENDMENT NOT INVOLVING STREETS: An application that includes a proposed 2226 2227
- SUBDIVISION AMENDMENT NOT INVOLVING STREETS: An application that includes a proposed change to any subdivision, for which a subdivision or plat has been previously approved and recorded and which does not propose to vacate all or a portion of any of the dedicated public streets, rights of way, or easements of the original subdivision plat.
   2230
- SUBDIVISION DESIGN: The overall layout of the proposed subdivision, including, but not limited to,
   the arrangement of streets and intersections, the layout and size of lots, the widths and locations of
   easements and rights of way for utilities, drainage structures, sewers and the nature and location of public
   or semipublic facilities, programs for the preservation of natural features, and the installation of public
   improvements.
- 2237 <u>SUBDIVISION IMPROVEMENT CONSTRUCTION AGREEMENT: An agreement between the city</u>
   2238 <u>and subdivider regarding constructing subdivision improvements required by this title.</u>
   2239
- 2240 <u>SUBDIVISION IMPROVEMENT PLANS: As defined in Utah Code Section 10-9a-604.2.</u> 2241
- 2242 <u>SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE REVIEW: As defined in Utah Code Section 10-9a-604.2.</u> 2243

SUBDIVISION PLAN REVIEW: As defined in Utah Code Section 10-9a.604.2

- 2245
  2246 SUBSTANTIVE REVIEW: The review of a subdivision application and all submittal requirements to determine if the documents comply with the requirements of this title.
- 2248

  TEN FOOT AVERAGING: Calculating the percent of slope between 10' elevation intervals on an
- 2250 <u>TEN FOOT AVERAGING: Calculating the percent of slope between 10 elevation intervals on an accurate slope classification map. The first interval can start at any elevation line, and subsequent</u>

2236

2252	interval line must be 4731, followed by 4741 and so forth. This technique is used to determine areas of	
2253	significant steep slope.	
2254 2255	TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY: A study performed by a transportation engineer that analyzes the impact future development has on public streets to determine how the impacts can be mitigated or if the	
2256	development is appropriate.	
2257		
2258	TRAILHEAD: The point of public access to a public trail.	
2259		
2260	UNDEVELOPABLE AREA: The portion of a lot that is unusable for or not adaptable to the normal uses	
2261		
2262	included in certain types of easements, or otherwise not suitable for development, including areas	
2263	designated on a plat as undevelopable.	
2264		
2265	WATERCOURSE: A path where water flows in a natural, altered, or artificial manner.	
2266		
2267	WATER SOURCE: A source for drinking water.	
2268		
2269	WETLAND, Functional: areas inundated, permanently or intermittently, with water that contain wetland	
2270	plant species. Functional wetlands do not include jurisdictional wetlands. 113	
2271	WETLAND HIDIODICTIONAL ALL STATES AND ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL AL	
2272	WETLAND, JURISDICTIONAL: areas that are inundated by water and declared as wetlands by the	
2273	United States Army Corp of Engineers. 114	
2274	WILDLIFE HABITAT: Land in a natural state with minimum human disturbances that is used by	
2275	wildlife.	
2276	winding.	
2277 2278	WOODED AREAS: Areas of land that are naturally and primarily covered by trees and are a minimum of	
2276 2279	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> acre in size.	
22/9 2280	74 dete ili size.	
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intervals shall be set at 10-foot increments. For example, if the first interval starts at 4721, the next

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>113</sup> Change made by Public Utilities. <sup>114</sup> Change made by Public Utilities.